Tearing Away The Veils

●

The Financiers Who Control the World

●

The Startling Title
Which Headed the Amazing Exposures
published by
FRANCOIS COTY in his Paper in Paris,
"L'Ami du Peuple"
1932.

With Copious American Notes
Bringing The Steps In The Plot Down
To April, 1940.

●

Translated and Published by
E. N. SANCTUARY,
1940.

TEARING AWAY THE VEILS.

The Financiers Who Control The World.

The Startling Title
Which Headed the Amazing Exposures
published by
FRANCOIS COTY in his Paper in Paris,
"L'Ami du Peuple"
1932.

A great country is being strangled, as men are strangled who arise to enlighten and protect it. An Unprecedented Case For Legitimate Defense by Francois Coty.

Copyright, 1940
E. N. SANCTUARY.

Price, 25 Cents.

X10 anti-Semite X24136 75

FOREWORD.

Space does not permit us to devote but little of our story to Mr. Coty as what he exposed in 1932 is of intense interest today in the light of what has transpired since then in our own country. The reader should however, know something of the background of Mr. Coty and for this purpose the following is taken from the **New York Times** of Dec. 5, 1933: **EX-WIFE FILES SUIT AGAINST COTY HERE.** Enters Default Judgment for $5,760,622 Against French Perfumer and Publisher. Divorce Agreement Cited. Sum is Sought as Unpaid Out of 268,812,318 Francs Pledged — Creditors Seek $1,091,351. Creditors of Francois Coty, French Perfumer, politician and newspaper proprietor, are seeking property belonging to him in this country after taking legal steps abroad, it was revealed yesterday. His former wife, Mme. Yvonne Alexandrine Le Baron through her attorney, Francis L. Kohlman, filed a default judgment for $5, 760, 622 in the Supreme Court in Brooklyn. An attachment for $1,091, 251 was granted in New York County by Justice Callahan.

The suit by the former Mme. Coty showed that the defendant, who once had owned ten newspapers in France, had been displaced recently as director of **Le Figaro** and now only owned the newspaper, **Ami du Peuple.** He made a property settlement with his wife on Aug. 5, 1929, prior to the filing by her of a divorce action, it was said. Under this agreement, by which Mme. Coty waived all her interest in his property. Mr. Coty was to pay his wife 268,812,318 francs in three instalments. The first payment of 38,812,318 francs was made on the day the agreement was signed and another payment of 100,000,000 francs was made a year later. He defaulted on Aug. 5, 1931, it was charged, on the third and final payment of 130,000 000 francs for which the suit was brought here. Interest was demanded from the time the money had been due and payment was sought for the value in francs at that time.

Mr. Coty devoted much space subsequent to the default in the newspaper **Figaro,** outlining his difficulties with his former wife and explaining why he could not make the final payment. He already paid her $12,000,000 before it was due, he said, but was not able to finance the sale of his stock in the American Coty Company, from which he expected at least $8,000,000, in time to make the payment of $5,200,000. He explained that his former wife had taken advantage of his difficulties and had attached his property wherever she could find it in France or Switzerland, including furniture and works of art. * * * Mr. Coty was described in the suit of his former wife as Joseph Marie Francois Spaturne, "also known as" Francois Coty.

INTRODUCTION.

Until now one might think that the warnings and revelations which we have unceasingly given, in our National and Social campaigns, were addressed to those in public office; that we did not know that these were only the prisoners or servants of another Power which is really composed of a small number of men who are firmly entrenched in the regular avenues of finance; a power which acts behind the scenes, and which, above the ministries which pass, holds sovereignty in affairs, thanks to the support of suspects which it has managed to control. This would be an error.

Long ago we pierced the screen and threw light upon this great Bank which is too powerful in a State grown weak; which supports here corrupt forces, in their turn subversive, which constitute the foundations of the Anti-France, having been cleverly placed in key positions; which has in thirty years succeeded in building an enormous fortune upon French ruins.

These warnings which we have gathered with patient wisdom, especially since the founding of *L'Ami du Peuple* - - and especially set forth in the issue of September 13, 1930 - - form the permanent, calculated and tenacious protest of an enlightened France, were not addressed to the anonymous, enslaved public powers. They were intended to notify directly the great magnates of International Finance that we were not dupes of their manipulations. but understood quite well their secret moves and orders behind which their politicians and straw men act; and which we will not tolerate indefinitely on behalf of our country which already they have partially ruined, and which they intend to lead into war, revolution and the tyranny of their yoke. No attention has been paid to our warnings. The criminal intrigues, financial combines, scandalous loans, plundering and cynical speculations of the great Judeo-GERMANO-Americans, first cause and builders of the economic crisis which crushes the world, have been pursued ceaselessly with the audacity which grows through their immunity. For it is these great pirates of finance who have established Communism and the Red Army, the League of Nations and Parliament, centered in Moscow, Berlin, and Washington, who have murdered, exploited, stolen through inflation, and have finally ruined the peoples of the earth. It is these pirates who have robbed France of what little subsistence was left after a long and exhausting war - - one hudred more millards *(one billion is one millard, ENS.)* of gold francs; that is to say five hundred millards of paper francs. It is they who have penetrated by their influence, or tamed by corruption, the ma-

jority of governments. They who in the guise of so-called committee of experts which are really composed of their best and most loyal agents -- and by means of numerous international conferences -- have triumphed throughout the world with their bloody, rapacious, inhuman. tyrannical policies. Make no mistake; passion, even for public welfare, does not blind us to the point of being unable to discriminate. On the contrary, we are more than ever desirous not to precipitate in this country an ill-considered campaign of anti-Semitism. We shall avoid this ready reproach which we have foreseen, by a special chapter on this question which will be placed at the end of the series of articles in order to make our position clear; what we are; what we have been; and what our position will remain. Our attitude has never been better or more clearly stated, nor has our liberalism been better demonstrated.

In an active life of twenty-five years we have given proofs all over the world, and under diverse circumstances, that there is no need of offering the most modest assurance of conviction for men of good will, whether they be Jews, catholics, protestants, or Moslems, that our views are apart from the exposures which we here intend to set forth. Since the very existence of France is endangered, we are constrained publicly to accuse those conscious and responsible instigators of all the sufferings of the world, Belgians and Frenchmen. Italians and English, Germans and Americans. But we do not hesitate to recognize the merits of such American bankers as Morgan; French, such as the Rothschilds, who actually dispense their fortunes in vain efforts to fight this group of financiers who, in crushing France, do not hesitate to ruin the others and pass over their bodies.

This condition does not date from yesterday, which explains the sudden drawing together of men and institutions which a short time ago seemed irreconciliable. Financial politicians who formerly were enemies and today collaborate under the shadow of this Bank of France which is only of France in its facade, and of whom the prestige declines every day. This disconcerting combination has been the result of THOSE IN AMERICA WHO WERE SHOWING THEIR TRIUMPH. The hour has come to dissipate this terrible condition by overthrowing the universal camouflage by which so many minds have been led astray and which has so vitally affected the essential interests of our country, the greatest, the most ancient and the first of countries. We are sure of enacting a rule of higher conscience in recalling to the world the events which have been revealed to us and which have precipitated events seen by us that have engendered this decadence, and despite all evidence, still remain hidden from the French people. Our only object in examining this evidence is to set forth the truth.

First Article.

A LEGITIMATE CASE FOR DEFENSE.

The revelations of Mr. Mc Fadden *(Louis T.: Note by translator.)* have introduced into the American Congress, in reference to Hoover's Moratorium, a sensation which is not yet quieted. We recall that Mr. McFadden formally accused Mr. Hoover of having been an instrument in the hands of Germany. He stated that the election of Mr. Hoover to the Presidency was through the influence of the Warburg Brothers, directors of the great bank of Kuhn, Loeb and Company, who carried the cost of his election. In exchange for this collaboration Mr. Hoover promised to impose the moratorium of German debts which project arrived in Washington during the summer of 1930. This dictatorial, diplomatic intervention was the price paid by Mr. Hoover to the bank of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. in recognition of his election. We note that Mr. Mc Fadden who asserts this is not only a reliable person, but that the functions filled by him in the Banker's Commission and Monetary Commission *(He was President during this time)* made him competent to speak. Let us note also that no denial has appeared up to this time of his charges.[1]

(1). In the end it was one of the European Warburgs, a relative of Schiff's, who went to Brest-Litovsk to negotiate the separate peace - a peace which was deeply resented by a large number of loyal Russian Jews - a peace which was followed shortly afterward by the Third Internationale, one of the purposes of which is the destruction of constitutional government in the United States and the establishment here of the same form of government as that which now prevails in Russia. The rights of the sovereign States in the United States are being steadily undermined for that sinister purpose. How far down into the bottomless pit of communism the United States has been dragged by the Roosevelt administration under the smoke screen of an emergency is shown by a comparison of the program of the Third Internationale and the Roosevelt communistic measures forced into law here during this special session of Congress under threats to deprive Democratic Congressmen of patronage anl influence, or, as the President has said to have expressed it to a London correspondent, a determination on his part to keep every Republican officeholder in office until he got what he wanted from a Democratic Congress. Among the tasks set before the Commusist Party in the United States, as shown in Russia U.S.S.R., a Complete Handbook, edited by the scholar P. Malevsky-Malevitch, and published by Payson in New York this year, I find the following: **"Transfer to the State of all gold reserves, valuables, securities deposits, etc.; the centralization of all banking operations and the subordination of all the nationaiized banks to a central State Bank. * * * It should not permit the Jewish international bankers to drive it into another war."** From **"Extension of Remarks of Hon. Louis T. McFadden in the House of Representatives, June 15, 1933. (Other items of collateral value are here reproduced by this editor, ENS.)**

This is not the first time that in the annals of contemporary diplomacy, the bank of Kuhn, Loeb has been named and when it has shown the power and political action which it exercises, either directly, or through its numerous powerful affiliates. This influence dates back more than forty years, that is, to the time when its general director, Jacob Schiff, whose power is even now felt. was the first perfect personification of Interna-

(a) The first is a copy of a cable sent by President Roosevelt, Nov. 7, 1934 to Soviet Russia: **"Please accept on this anniversary of the establishment of the Soviet government the assurance of my best wishes for the welfare and prosperity of your country."**

(b) The next is a letter which the world-traveller, Carveth Wells, wrote me March 9, 1935: **"At the time of my visit to Russia, the Presidential campaign was in full swing over here. In many places in Russia I saw large cartoons of Mr. Hoover entitled 'The Fathead in the White House' and besides them, very flattering portraits of Mr. Roosevelt entitled 'The Next Communist President of the United States.' At that time the names of Tugwell and Bullitt were unknown to me, so that I was puzzled when young communist guides would ask me when Comrade Tugwell was going to have Russia recognized, and that Comrade Bullitt was going to be the first Ambassador. Future events showed that the young communists of Russia knew more about American politics than I did."**

(c) The third item is from Emile Gauvreau's book **"What So Proudly We Hailed"**, page 10: **"The Chief Dealer To Be of the New Deal blew a curling cyclone of smoke (the night of the election returns of Nov, 1932, ENS.) 'I am going to recognize Russia. I am going to send people there to see what the Russians are doing."** Rene Fulop Miller, in his **"The Mind and Face of Bolshevism"**, page 48, says: **"Lenin had before his eyes the electrification of the whole country down to the most remote villages."** Here is the explanation why the going has been tough for that staunch American, Wendel L. Wilkie in opposing the socialized plan of the T.V.A. It also helps one to understand what Mr. Tugwell had in mind when he stated in one of his speeches that **"business will logically be required to disappear;"** that **"planning implies guidance"**, and that no mistake can be made about the objective he had in mind we quote him further: **"The Future is becoming visible in Russia."** So then the "cheap" electricity which our prestidigitator President pulled for the dupes on the great northwest was based on the TVA yardstick. General Johnson tells us that the TVA development for navigation purposes could have been built for $76,000,000 and that it has cost over five hundred millions. The difference of $424,000,000 is the initial cost for "cheap" power achieved at the expense of thousands of holders of utility stocks and the regular goat - the taxpayer. The irony of fate discloses that the President's National Resources Committee, "Power" section, headed by Secretary Ickes, says that steam electric plants can produce electricity at half the cost of hydro-electric plants. What the gullible public does not know is that on page 56 of a book titled **"Our Lenin"** it is shown that the rule of the workers plus electricity equals national socialism, or the goal set for us by Moscow.

tional Finance and Revolution. His omnipotence is still felt everywhere. A few words about this personage and the historical role which he has played will help to understand the incident recently happening in the American Congress. They will throw great light on the drama of the 20th Century, in which the war of 1914, and then Bolshevism, have been the outstanding episodes, and which endangers all humanity of succumbing to the power of money. served by atrocious political tyranny. This drama was presented in 1880 by Nietzsche who was far from being an anti-Semite. Whether from pure prevision or from knowledge of what was being prepared in darkness, he published this prophetic warning: *"The thinker who is preoccupied with the future of Europe should, in all his speculations, consider the Jews and the Russians as the most probable and most certain factors in the conflict of forces."* (Par deal le Bien et le Mal. Aphorisme 251). These words are not without interest after fifty years. during the effervescence of Bolshevism.

(d) Our next item is taken from a lecture of that astute Brain Truster, once serving the prospective Dictator in the White House and later a Commissar under Mayor LaGuardia. Mr. Paul Blanshard who told an audience in Philadelphia: **"When we have captured the government and shelved the Supreme Court we shall proceed to nationalize as many large industries as we can chew and as rapidly as we can masticate them; we will do it peacefully if possible, but we will do it otherwise if necessary."** The modus operandi is curtly stated by that able collaborator of the Sit Down Strike, John L. Lewis, who gave the Democratic Party $467, 168.91 in 1936, when in his speech in Mexico City, speaking **"from a platform almost entirely enclosed with Communist banners"**, at the International Labor Congress in 1938, compared President Roosevelt to President Cardenas. He said that Roosevelt has done the same things in the United States that Cardenas has done in Mexico.

(e) Our last item is an editorial gem taken from the **Saturday Evening Post** of March 16, 1940, titled **"They Knew Us Then"** based on Earl Browder's address to the Communists in Madison Square Garden, January 22, 1940: **"We were part of that bloc (Progressive"** he told his followers. **"We never were recognized, of course. We were the poor relations, even though Governor Lehman occupies his position instead of Thomas E. Dewey on account of the votes of the Communist Party * * * When these gentlemen thought that they could use the support of the Communists, we became almost respectable. Never quite respectable. Almost. They knew us then. They knew almost everything about us. They did not know that they could not handle us as servants when they betrayed the cause of the people. When we were in agreement on protecting New Deal legislation and a peace policy, these gentlemen were very glad to receive our support, as long as we did not make too much noise about it. * * * These former associates of ours don't need us any more"**

Jacob Schiff, whose name has been identified for more than thirty years with the bank of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., was an Israelite of German origin. His father who lived in Frankfurt was a modest courtier of the House of Rothschild. The son emigrated to the United States and made great progress to the point of becoming the head of the great bank of Kuhn, Loeb, & Co., the principal Jewish bank of America. Before his arrival this bank seems to have been closely allied to the Jewish German banks from which it conducted most of its affairs in the American market. Its relations with Imperial Germany were very close and most of its American affairs were conducted in the American market. In the world of Jewish banking Jacob Schiff was known not only by his knowledge of affairs but by his bold ideas. He also brought out his plan for political action and what this bank should exert upon the destinies of the world. He was obliged to reveal some of his ideas when the chair of Social Economy was established in his name at Columbia University. The incumbent of this chair, Mr. Edward Devine, was inspired by the thought of Jacob Schiff, and frankly supported the High Bank, not only in its supremacy over industry and its rights to organize at will, but also its supremacy in the spiritual direction of Human Affairs. It was the beginning of the program of the omnipotence of International Finance.

Another preoccupation of Jacob Schiff, although nothing outwardly showed his interest in Russian affairs, was the intervention at any price in the politics of Russia; to provoke in that country a change of regime. The political conquest of Russia seemed to him to be the means by which the universal triumph of his economical and social conceptions which he professed might be assured. By singular coincidence, since the failure of the Paris Commune of 1871, an analagous theory was prevalent in Marxist circles. This it was that the Russian Socialist Golowine affirmed that social revolution must begin in Russia, *"the country having few cities, an immense area, and where the spirit of the Commune (mir) is most active and well conserved."* Did not Karl Marx himself assert that the revolution of which he was the apostle, would triumph first in Russia and later, in Spain? From this epoch the creator of the First and Second Internationale was in perfect agreement as to the program of destruction with the one who was to become the head of the most powerful American bank, linked with the Jewish banks of Germany.[2]

(2). So desperate was the position of France in 1915, that M. Ribot said: "We succeeded in obtaining certain assets in the United States by means of operations in connection with the banking house of Kuhn, Loeb (a branch of the Bleichroeder Mendelssohn Bank) which under normal conditions we could not have advised any Finance Minister to entertain * * * a desperate policy by which we had recourse to every

In the next article we shall see that the accord between the disciples of Karl Marx and the bank of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., was not merely theoretical, and was not merely destructive. It also reached a collaboration with what *"Humanite"* calls *"The Building of Socialism in Russia."* The bungling Jew Kaganovitch, Stalin's favorite, supposed to be the author of the *"Five Year Plan"*, was only its editor. The first conception, financial means and materials, technicians of all kinds, and diplomatic complicity, all were furnished by the bank of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., where the spirit of Jacob Schiff still lives in his

possible expedient to put off the fatal day when, in the event of the United States not coming into the war, we should find ourselves without means to pay our way. It was imperative at all costs that we should go to the utmost limits and strive with might and main to gain a few months, a few weeks, even a few days. However, M. Alexandre Ribot's financial legerdemain was nothing compared with the most elementary methods practised quite unblushingly and with amazing success by his opposite number in Petrograd, M. Bark, with whose Government France had in 1915 opened credits for 25,000,000 pounds (paying interest at the discount rates of the Bank of France) which it was stipulated was to be spent entirely in France on redeeming the Russian debt and on orders for war material to be manufactured in France. * * * By the end of September, 1916, the allies were reduced to living from hand to mouth by short termed loans obtained on the gold which England held on deposit in Ottawa. They had exhausted every expedient which they hoped might put off the evil day, and were about to issue bonds of one to two months when suddenly in November, 1916, the Executive Council of the U.S. Federal Banks warned all the Federal Banks against locking up their resources in bonds which though apparently short dated would necessarily have to be constantly renewed during the war. * * * The Executive Council of Federal Banks and the Federal Reserve Board were both Jewish preserves. * * * France's condition was desperate when on April 6, 1917, President Wilson declared war in the nick of time to save France and her guarantor from bankruptcy and consequent disaster. But the negotiations which culminated in Woodrow Wilson's grandiloquent declaration of war had been long, arduous and intricate. That they resulted in Britain's favor was due in no small measure to the finesse and prestige of her plenipotentiary in the U.S., Lord Reading, whose rise to power had been astounding even for a Jew. * * * New York had its Kahal or Community with an advisory council of Elders which "made its voice heard and its opinions felt in all questions affecting Jewry the world over." So great was the influence exerted by Jews holding high office in the Wilson Government, both on the Chief Executive and on members of Congress, that the national policy of the U.S.A. was virtually controlled by Jews, amongst whom the most powerful was the Zionist Louis Dembitz Brandeis. * * * Bernard M. Baruch stated publicly that in his official capacity during the war he "probably exercised more power than any other man in the country." Working hand in glove with the Jewish financial dictators were Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, and the brothers Isadore, Nathan and Oscar

successors. And it is because of this German-American-Jewish Bank, profoundly engaged in social madness, affiliated with the German banks, finds itself in difficulties and, cost what will, is determined to save Moscow and Berlin, uses all its influences including Mr. Hoover, who owes his election to it, does its utmost as demonstrated by Mr. Mc Fadden.

The idea of these Jewish bankers, and their omnipotence in ruling the heads of States like pawns on a board, disposing of the heads of States, playing governments like pawns, that one is made dizzy. We have studied their activities and shall give evidence on nothing which we cannot prove.

SECOND ARTICLE.

Feb. 21, 1932.

We have seen that Jacob Schiff was fully in accord with Marxist theories as to the need of inaugurating a new social order and political set-up, to begin with the conquest of Russia. In 1890 this agreement passed out of the domain of theory into that of fact. In that year official documents established the fact that a certain number of revolutionaries who were Russians that had been living abroad, returned to their country and began to carry on a subversive propaganda with the funds furnished by Jacob Schiff. His purse was open to anyone who offered to combat Tsarism, especially by violent means. Another important thing which contributed to the downfall of the Russian rule:- The eternal apple of discord among nations, Manchuria, as had been formerly Lombardy and the Low Countries, brought about a clash between the Slavic Collossus and Japan which was continually growing stronger. Without financial help, Japan, in spite of her victories, would have been obliged to make peace after a few months of war. With help, she was able to continue the conflict for nearly two years, and to strike a blow at Russian prestige from which that country never recovered. Never did the funds fail to reach Japan.

Strauss, also Julius Klein of the Dept. of Commerce and Eugene Meyer, head of the Federal Reserve Board with his two principal associates Felix and Paul Warburg, brothers of Max Warburg, the Zionist Inner Actions Committee's agent in Berlin. The Warburgs were related to and associated with Jacob Schiff in Kuhn, Loeb & Co. Paul had a controlling influence in the Executive Council of the U.S. Federal Banks. * * * Schiff was the greatest financial supporter of the "German" Jews Mutual Aid Society, and during the war, before America intervened, he and his colleague Heubsch formed the American Neutral Conference Committee which aimed at coercing the belligerents to make peace on Jewish terms. (Of possible interest is it noted that B.W. Heubsch published that amazing program of the New Deal found in Colonel House's Philip Dru—Administrator. ENS)

The Bank of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., negotiated all of the necessary loans not only in the United States but in Germany and England. (England at that time was the greatest financial power in the world).

The subsidies up to that time given by Schiff to the Nihilists[3] as they were called then, who wished to return to their country, were not individual gifts. A real terrorist Russian organization was established at his expense in the United States. It filled Russia with its emmissaries who were ordered to assassinate ministers, governors, heads of Police, etc., and to cause a state of insurrection. Bombs entered secretly by way of Finnish frontiers and destroyed high functionaries, military centers, munition factories, etc., Revolutionary strikes provoked by bribes broke out. Riots took place in Moscow, Petrograd and the principal cities. Japan was accused of being responsible for this destruction which hampered its adversary. The cost of these disturbances was thought to have been more than two hundred million dollars. Probably Japan paid this later, feeling that it was an honest and profitable debt; but it was Kuhn, Loeb & Co. who advanced the money. They were well served for this price. At the end of the Russo-Japanese war a St. Petersburg paper, *the Strand,* gave a vivid picture of

(3). Romantic Russian writers are anxious to make us believe that Nihilism — of which the name first appears in Turghenieff's novel, **"Fathers and Sons"**, in 1861 — was some kind of mystic creed indigenous to Russia, but to the readers of this book the tenets of the Nihilists will seem strangely familiar. * * * It was therefore directly from Germany that Illuminism under its new name of Nihilism travelled to Russia. * * * Now it is curious to find the description of the inner ring of secret intrigue described by Bakunin exactly corroborated by a very different authority, namely, the book of Gougenot des Mousseaux, entitled **"Le Juif, le Judaisme et la Judaization des peuples chretiens"**, published just a year earlier, in 1869. It was in December 1865, that is to say, a year after Bakunin had formed his Alliance in connection with Netchaieff, that Des Mosseaux received a letter from a Protestant statesman in the service of a great Germanic power, saying: **Since the revolutionary recrudescence of 1845, I have had relations with a Jew who, from vanity, betrayed the secret of the secret societies with which he had been associated, and who warned me eight or ten days beforehand of all the revolutions which were about to break out at any point in Europe. I owe to him the unshakable conviction that all these movements of "oppressed people," etc, etc., are devised by a half a dozen individuals, who give their orders to the secret societies of all Europe. The ground is absolutely mined beneath our feet, and the Jews provide a large contingent of these miners. * * * The Jewish bankers will soon be, through their prodigious fortunes, our lords and masters. * * * All the great Radical newspapers of Germany are in the hands of Jews.** Gougenot des Mousseaux, op. cit. pp. 367-368. Taken from **World Revolution** by Nesta Webster, ENS.)

the open hunt by the revolutionaries hired by Jacob Schiff. Below we quote from it:

"The list of killed and wounded high officials and generals: 114 govenors; 60 chiefs of police; 226 officers or petty officers of police; 452 peace officers; 109 army officers and 750 soldiers and Cossacks.

"7331 civilians died a violent death; 9661 civilians badly wounded by the insurgents.

"To these must be added 221 persons shot after court martial, 556 condemned to death by Civil Courts, and 741 agitators killed in the course of the fighting.

"194 bombs were exploded; 1995 armed missiles (grenades Translator) and 1691 of the guilty escaped."

This appalling massacre brought fruit. Threatened with internal revolution, Russia was obliged to accept the mediation of President Roosevelt (Theodore) and to send Count Witte to Portsmouth, U.S.A. to treat with the Japanese representatives. But at the side of these plenipotentiaries Witte was twice obliged to meet unexpected negotiators of whom he speaks in his memoirs (Berlin 1932, Vol. I, pages 394-395.) These negotiators were Jacob Schiff himself, accompanied by Dr. Strauss, former ambassador from the United States to Italy. *(see footnote 2, ENS)* Also Dr. Krauss, Grand Master of the B'nai B,rith (International Jewish Masonic order comprising 500 lodges). Count Witte says: *"These gentlemen seemed to be on the best of terms with President Roosevelt'*, and there is no doubt but that they were received with special cordiality. They made no secret to Count Witte of the cause of the troubles in Russia which they attributed to the inferior position of the Jews in that country. But they said that if the Jews were accorded civil rights conditions might be changed. Count Witte, who had a Jewish wife, was not at all anti-Semitic. However he observed to Mr. Schiff and his colleagues that the troubles of the Russian Jews had been greatly exaggerated, and that it would be impossible to give them these civil rights at one stroke without giving rise to popular reaction which might even do them harm. *"This caused bitter replies from Schiff which Strauss modified by more weighty reasoning"* says Witte. A second interview did not improve the situation. The end of this second interview we know through the words of Dr. Krauss, one of the before mentioned negotiators, at the convention of the Grand Lodge of the B'nai B'rith. As Count Witte maintained his stand, a member of the delegation (probably Jacob Schiff) said to him angrily: *"If the Tsar will not give our people the desired liberty a revolution will bring about a republican regime by means of which they will acquire them."* It was a warning that even though peace with Japan were concluded, war would go on with another power for whom Jacob

Schiff and his colleagues were empowered to speak. With this object, the great bank directed by Jacob Schiff devoted important sums to subvert Russian prisoners interned in Japan by anti-military and socialist propaganda. Following a course used later by the Germans during the World War, Russian speaking propagandists were sent to each prison camp, provi ded with money and other material help, and revolutionary literature for the prisoners to incite them to insurrection on their return to their country. Thus in 1905 were sown the seeds which were to mature twelve years later. Without leaving our subject we must show that the bank of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., even before conquering and crushing Russia, was strong enough to dominate the interior policies of the United States, and to impose its will upon President Taft, the successor of Roosevelt. That will be the theme of our next article.

THIRD ARTICLE.
Feb. 23, 1932.

William H. Taft seems to have been the only President of the United States who was not elected with the assistance of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., and designed in advance to accomplish certain tasks for it. His successful election was due to his close friendship with Theodore Roosevelt who supported his candidacy. But if President Taft was not elected by the mysterious forces which rule the greatest republic in the world, nevertheless, during his presidency, very soon he was obliged to account to it and obey its commands. This is how the bank of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., entered into the conflict with President Taft: The laws of Imperial Russia fixed the districts of Jewish population in a number of governmental frontiers where they were already living at the time of the Russian conquest. Thus the Jews of Poland and Lithuania who were tolerated in those regions where they had long been established, might not move to purely Russian territory such as Moscow or Nijn-Novgorod. This interdiction, though often broken, was designed to prevent this subversive propaganda to which Russian Jews are always inclined.[4]

(4). In April, 1917, Jacob H. Schiff made a public declaration that it was thanks to his support that the Russian Revolution was a success. In the spring of 1917, Jacob H. Schiff began to commission Trotsky to bring about the actual Social Revolution in Russia; the New York Journal **"Forward"**, a Jew-Bolshevik daily gazette, added also its own contribution to the same purpose. From Stockholm the Jew, Max Warburg, in the same way commissioned Trotsky & Co.; they were also commissioned by the Rheinish Westphalian Syndicate, an important Jewish concern as also by another Jew, Alf Aschberg, and the Nye Banken of Stockholm, and also by Jivotovsky, a Jew, whose daughter married Trotsky. Thus was established the relations between the Jewish multi-millionaires and the Jewish proletarians. From p. 216 of **"Are These Things So?"** by this author, ENS.)

The partial violations of this law did not produce important results. Eyes were closed to the purely commercial trips. But a Russian Jew of Warsaw, for instance, who was suspected of revolutionary propaganda in the interior of Russia, was liable to be arrested and escorted back to his permanent residence and forbidden to take further trips. A simple Police order sufficed.

In the last quarter of the nineteenth century Russian Jews who found this law inconvenient and wishing to establish themselves everywhere in Russia, used a costly, but ingenious method which partially evaded the Imperial decree. They came to the United States where they obtained citizenship. They then returned, no longer as Russian Jews, but protected as American citizens. The agreement between the two countries guaranteed their rights and reciprocity of laws. The American consuls in Russia were obliged to take them under their protection and did not allow them to be annoyed by Russian Police. As might have been foreseen, this method was used by revolutionary Jews who had good reason to call for the protection of the American flag. One can understand the importance of this when one knows that seven out of ten of these Russian Nihilists were Jews. After the Russo-Japanese war the Imperial Government was forced to put an end to these practices which hid most of the agents of insurrection who were using bombs and daggers, with what results, we have shown. It was decided that Russian Jews, who had been to New York or not, acquiring American nationality, might not establish themselves in Russia outside of the traditional frontiers. A number of expulsions or refusals of admittance followed in spite of American passports. The American consuls only protested formally for many of them understood that the Russian Government faced real necessity. A former ambassador from the United States to Russia, Mr. John W. Foster, said that the Russian Government has shown itself most tolerant since only Jews suspected of revolutionary acts had appealed to him. He said that those who conducted peaceful business had been, in spite of the letter of the law, treated with great tolerance throughout Russia. The same was true in St. Petersburg where, according to Mr. Foster, there were 30,000 resident Jews instead of the 15,000 legally authorized to live there. Naturally this was not the attitude of the revolutionary centers who were afraid of losing their most numerous and resolute emmissaries. They complained to Kuhn, Loeb & Co., and as the nationals of a country usually turn to their consul. Some time later Mr. Schiff demanded, as representative of the Jewish people, an interview with President Taft. This interview took place at the White House on Feb. 15, 1911. The American paper, *Dearborn Independent*, gives the story. Jacob Schiff, accompanied by Dr. Krauss, president of the B'nai B'rith, by Louis Marshall, president of notable Jewish organizations, and Messrs. Jacob Furth and Henry Godfoge, lunched with Presi-

dent Taft and his family; then went to the library and began political conversations. This was not satisfactory to Jacob Schiff and his colleagues who claimed to represent the Jewish people. They considered it the duty of the United States to support with all weight the claims of the Russian Jews. If the Jews returning to Russia with American citizenship should not be supported it was proposed immediately to sever the commercial treaty which had existed between Russia and the United States for twenty-four years. Thus Russia would learn that she could not ignore an American passport with impunity. We have said that Mr. Taft was a President who for a long time had been the only one who did not owe his election to the bank of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. This was apparent in his reply. He refused the rupture of the treaty which was urged upon him and said that it would injure American interests. He referred to the opinion of Mr. Rockhill, American Ambassador to St. Petersburg upon this very question. In fact, in spite of the anger of Jacob Schiff whose violent character showed itself again, and in spite of the insistence of the other delegates, he yielded nothing. Schiff, furious when leaving, refused to take the hand of the President, and said as he left: *"NOW FOR WAR."* It was war indeed. Next day every Jewish newspaper in the United States, and the large dailies supported by Kuhn, Loeb & Co. attacked President Taft and accused him of allowing an oriental despot to humiliate American citizens. Committees were assembled; public reunions took place; all the politicians whom they controlled were mobilized. The Senate and House of Representatives were showered with protests. This campaign cost Jacob Schiff three million dollars. President Taft had not forseen such consequences. Ten months later, Dec. 13, 1911, Taft was obliged to bow before the two houses of Congress which obeyed like an orchestra, the direction of Jacob Schiff, and requested the President to notify Russia of the severance of the commercial pact between these two countries as a reprisal in the matter of Jewish passports. Kuhn, Loeb & Co.'s victory was complete. Jacob Schiff took full credit for this. Some years later when certain Yiddish papers accused him of having aggravated anti-semitism[5] in Russia by his imprudent policies he said to the

(5). "Every nation in whose midst Jews live is, either covertly or openly, anti-Semitic. * * * Anti-Semitism increases day by day and hour by by hour among the nations; indeed, it is bound to increase, because the causes of its growth continue to exist and cannot be removed. * * * It (the world) forgets, in its ignorance and narrowness of heart, that prosperity weakens our Judaism and extinguishes our peculiarities. It is only pressure which forces us back to the parent stem; it is only hatred encompassing us that makes us strangers once more. We are one people — our enemies have made us one in our despite, as repeatedly happens in history. Distress binds us together, and, thus united, we suddenly discover our strength." (Theodore Herzl. A Jewish State, Published by the Federation of American Zionists, 1917, pp. 8 and 10.)

New York Times (June 5, 1916): *"Think of their accusing me of such a crime, when I alone began this battle and have carried it on until now. Who, if not I, set the agitation in motion which forced the President of the United States to abrogate the treaty with Russia? As you must be fully aware."* There is no more haughtiness in the reply of Scipio Africanus to his accusers: *"On such a day I vanquished Hannibal at Zama. Let us go to the Capitol and give thanks to the Gods."* More fair to the great Jewish-American bank, the *"Tribune Juive"* of Paris wrote on Nov. 5, 1920, in an article on the death of Jacob Schiff: *"Historians of the future will now with respectful attention see the effect upon Russia and other poeples which came from the abrogation of the Russian - American trade treaty."* The consequences went far beyond the domain of the diplomatic conflict of 1911 about American passports. We shall see them extended and amplified during the world war and the economic crisis which followed.

FOURTH ARTICLE.

Feb. 24, 1932.

For half a century the political role of these great international banks continued to develop beyond all measure. The most powerful states have been obligated to have recourse to them for necssary war loans and to support their depreciating currency. The result has been the formation of alliances by these financial organisms according to their personal preferences for this or that adversary in the conflict. During the war, and after peace, the great bank of Pierpont Morgan of New York showed preference for the English and French governments. In the past, the Germanophile and anti-Russian tendencies of the directors of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. caused them to take the other side. It was, in America, and wherever it had affiliates, a bank of Imperial Germany. The support given was not only financial. It was powerful in modifying diplomatic equilibrium of the world in Germany's favor. As shown in our preceding articles, the Presidents of the United States, with

Commenting on this, the author of the Beckwith edition of the Protocols, page 163, says: "In other words, Jewish nationalism, than which there is no stronger on earth, is dependent upon anti-Semitism for its continued existence, a point which makes a settlement of the 'Jewish question' more difficult than usual in such struggles. It is therefore to the interest of Jewish leaders to stimulate anti-Semitism as an influence required to maintain the integrity of the race, and in accord with the provisions to be found in Protocol IX.

That Protocol says: "At the present time, if any government raises a protest against us, it is only for the sake of form, it is under our control, and it is done by our direction, for their anti-Semitism is necessary for keeping in order our lesser brothers."

the exception of Wm. H. Taft, owed their elections for fifty years to the influence of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. President Wilson, who was in office at the opening of the world war, was more subjugated than any of them by Jacob Schiff and his collaborators who used him at will as their successors now use Mr. Hoover. This explains the systematic attitude of neutrality during three years in spite of public sentiment for the allies and even the torpedoing of the Lusitania. At the beginning of 1916 the bank of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. discounted German success and realized that the victory of Imperial Germany was impossible. Her resources in men and materials were exhausted, while the Western front continued to become more dangerous for her, slow and huge Russia was only beginning to arm her reserves. To paralyze the Russian power seemed both to Germany and the great Jewish-American bank, the only hope for German success. So, as in the war with Japan, measures were taken to put Russia out of the combat. In February, the 14th, 1916, organizations of Russian revolutionaries existed in New York, on the east side. Sixty-two delegates were called into consultation. Nearly fifty of this number were veterans of the tentative revolution of 1905. Some had been for a long time in touch with the bank of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. A dozen of the younger delegates were newly recruited. Most of the delegates were intellectuals which is natural in a higher assembly; but there were a few street fighters and specialists in terrorism. The debates at the first session were devoted to discussing the possibility of renewing in Russia, the attempts of 1905. Secret reports were read which said that the conditions were favorable; that the Russian people were weary of a war which already had lasted for eighteen months; that the millions of reservists who finally had been mobilized, offered a fertile field for propaganda. The prohibition of vodka made the government most unpopular. The Douma, which had been imprudentally allowed to assemble, was prepared to become an arm against any disorder. A decision, in principle, was taken to resume agitation. It remained to find the necessary means for proceeding. The Russian refugees were not rich, and it would be very difficult to find the means to send several hundred agitators to Russia. The Congress was not long in doubt, for some of the members were able to give assurance that however large a sum was needed, it would be provided by persons who sympathized with the cause of revolution in Russia. The name of Jacob Schiff was announced with tremendous applause which was merited. Within a few months the agitators were at work. The disorders began in the suburbs of Russian cities and propaganda in posts filled with reservists. We know that it was a regiment of these reservists which refused to go to the front, which mutiny caused the fall of the Russian Empire. March 13, 1917, the Russian Revolution was achieved. Mr. Schiff was able to send Mr. Miloukoff, Minister of Foreign Affairs of the provisional government the following telegram:

which was reproduced by the American Press, and notably by the *New York Times* of April 10:

"Allow me, as the irreconcilable enemy of the tyrannical, autocratic government which pitilessly persecuted our coreligionaires, to congratulate through your intermission the Russian people for what they have so brilliantly accomplished, and to wish success to your comrades in government and to yourself."

A personal friend of Jacob Schiff, Mr. Miloukoff, replied in the name of the provisional government in a telegram given equal publicity: *"We are one with you in our hatred and antipathy for the old regime which is overthrown."*

The civil and political equality now proclaimed for Russian Jews, the Tsar in captivity awaiting death for himself and family, Germany relieved as to anxiety as to Russia, the triumph of the bank of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. seemed to be complete. According to Jacob Schiff the cost had been twelve million dollars advanced to the revolutionary propagandists. But what was this sum compared with the results obtained which should influence the outcome of the war? Nevertheless Jacob Schiff had other anxieties. The complete accord shown by the Miloukoff telegram was satisfactory as far as destruction went. But when the change of regime was accomplished affairs seemed less satisfactory. The provisional government was composed of ideological Freemasons more subject to English influence than to that of the Jewish-American bank. The Jewish elements which formed the nerve of the Russian revolutionary party were relegated to secondary places. While sparing nothing to disorganize the army, the new governors of Russia announced that they were still on the side of the Allies. Still more disquieting, certain military chiefs managed to maintain a certain amount of discipline at the front. A successful offensive by General Brusilloff against the Austro-Germanic troops proved this. With his accustomed impatience Jacob Schiff resolved that since the provisional government was not a docile instrument in his hands, he would break it, and substitute men and a regime over which Kuhn, Loeb & Co. would have absolute authority. Such men existed. They belonged to the extreme left of the Russian revolutionary party. Most of them were Jewish. Having insufficient means to carry on propaganda in Germany, they had organized a Defeatist Congress in Switzerland which were a scandal; the reunions of Kienthal and of Zimmerwald. After the Russian revolution of March, 1917, one of their chiefs, Lenin, entered Russia in the famous "sealed train" with forty millions in gold furnished by Berlin to arouse the masses to revolution and to compel the provisional government to make peace. The help of Jacob Schiff made this action decisive. This is what caused the exposure in New

York to the officials of the bank of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., the chief collaborator of Lenin -- Leiba Braunstein, called Leon Trotsky. In our next article it will be seen how he was received, and how Bolshevism concluded an alliance with the bank which rules the world.

FIFTH ARTICLE.

Feb. 28, 1932.

At the reunions of Kienthal and Zimmerwald the bolshevist chiefs allotted the countries where each was to work. Leon Trotsky chose France, where he published a small paper in Russian, *"Nache Slovo"* - - or *Our Word.* This was intended for the troops which the government of the Tsar had sent to fight on the French front. This pamphlet was an urge to rebellion and was defeatist; but our propaganda service, negligent as our politicians, did not understand its character and distributed it without suspicion to the Russian troops. The results were soon seen, beginning, as always, by delays. In 1915, at the Marseille's barracks, the Russian soldiers killed their Colonel. This matter was too important to be concealed in spite of the fact that in the French Ministry there were two militant socialists, Mr. Guesde and Mr. Sembat, who were very indulgent as to this "little mutiny." Mr. Jean Longuet, grandson of Karl Marx, had taken Trotsky under his special protection. But all he could do for this colleague of Lenin's was to banish him with all courtesy when he should have been shot as an agent of Germany. Trotsky was escorted to the Spanish frontier and the Spanish government assigned him a residence in Cadiz. At one time they thought of sending him to Cuba, but Trotsky. after being banished from France, was ordered to confer with Jacob Schiff who was considered the arbiter of the revolutionary parties, so he was allowed to leave for New York. In boarding the Monserrat, which carried the fortunes of bolshevism with him to the New World, he shook his fist at the shore and cried aloud his hatred of this wretched old Europe and all that it represented. The means for making merciless war against European civilization were very soon furnished him by Kuhn, Loeb & Co. However his interview with Jacob Schiff was not decisive. At the moment the great American banker was playing the democratic game in Russia. He knew this was nearly won and had no idea of provoking those of whom he was making use. Trotsky, introduced by the revolutionary Jewish paper in New York, *"Forward"*, was told to wait, and was given some unimportant subsidies. At the same time, Jacob Schiff held the bolshevik party in reserve in case Mr. Kerensky, Goutchkoff and Mr. Milioukoff, once in power, should not prove to be sufficiently docile. Announcement of the tragic events in Petrograd were a signal to Trotsky to return there. He sailed hoping to avoid the watch dogs of

capitalism, the German submarines, and the British cruisers. The first, because of the blind way in which they struck; the others because of their vigilance. His anxiety was not in vain. Off Halifax the ship which carried Trotsky was visited, and being marked as a German agent he was arrested by English police. He was not detained long. Mr.Miloukoff, the new Minister of Foreign Affairs, warned by Jacob Schiff, awaited Trotsky, never thinking that Trotsky was to spy on him and to overthrow his power. Informed by cable of the arrest he demanded of Sir George Buchanon, English Ambassador at Petrograd, the release of Trotsky which was quickly granted and he continued his voyage.

Several months later the insurrection of July 4, 1917 took place, by which Lenin and Trotsky attempted for the first time to overthrow the provisional government. Balked by a single regiment called from the front, Lenin was obliged to flee, Trotsky was arrested, and their partisans were scattered. Their cause seemed to be lost but they had proven their boldness and the cable brought them the announcement of the unlimited support of Jacob Schiff who was resolved to push the Russian revolution to the bitter end. We do not know the amount of funds furnished to Lenin and Trotsky for the insurrection of October, 1917, to overthrow the provisional government and establish the Bolshevist regime in Russia. But we know through what channels these funds passed. An official publication reproduced a telegram dated from Stockholm, Sept. 21, 1917, informing Trotsky (who foolishly had been freed with a caution) that the directors of the bank of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. wished him to know that a current account had been placed at his disposal in a Stockholm bank to use for his undertaking. It is not difficult to guess at the origin of this account if one recalls that of the three brothers Warburg, one, Felix, was in America and an associate of Jacob Schiff in the affairs of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., while the others, Paul and Max Warburg managed the Hamburg bank "Max Warburg & Co." The Warburg in America was the son-in-law of Jacob Schiff and Paul, of Hamburg, was married to the sister-in-law of the powerful German Jew. The building of socialism in Russia, to quote *L'Humanite,* became a simple family affair. A magnificant affair indeed. If its realization had been delayed and the expense had been great, never had adventurous enterprise reaped such great profits. The conquest of Russia by bolshevism placed this great empire with untold riches, and the private fortunes of its one hundred and fifty millions of inhabitants, in the omnipotent hands of a few commissioners of the people. And these officials, simply agents of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., could refuse nothing to this bank which rules the world, either in financial privileges or economic direction. Had they wished to free themselves from this yoke it would have been impossible. In establishing a social and political regime which deprives men of

their most essential rights, in breaking ancient moral rules in regard to the public, the bolshevist leaders were to a certain extent censured by *"L'Humanite"*. This paper tolerated them, certainly through cowardice and indifference. But it did not agree to collaborate in their rule. For instance, it refused to risk its future on the value of their word which seemed to be worthless. We have set forth this situation in detail at the beginning of our study *"En Pleine Lumiere."* The bolshevist leaders could not treat with foreign countries, distrusting the old methods of exchange. By the massacre of the men in liberal professions who were the social foundation of the Russian people, they were nevertheless obliged to keep up a minimum of economic activity or fall into ruin. They were forced to look more than ever to the Jewish-German-American provisions which, before the revolution, had given the necessary subsidies to maintain credit, machines, and indespensable technicians. Far from being able to dispense with the aid of Kuhn, Loeb & Co,. they were now more than ever dependent on them. This was the triumph of the German and American missions, their engineers and their financial experts. Exploitation of the natural riches of Russia passed into the hands of privileged financiers who were more or less affiliated with the great revolutionary bank. And to insure this exploitation, serfdom, abolished by the Tsars, was restored. The workman could be requisitioned and sent under escort away from his home to a distance of three thousand kilometers. The peasant, robbed of his farm and separated from his family, was reduced to agricultural slavery. Mr. Hermann Grummerus, Minister from Finland, established by unquestioned documentary evidence, that a whole convoy deported from Finnish Ingrie were taken to Siberia and sold to the Gold Mining Society of Yenissia. Bolshevism brought men back to the first age of savagery. All this operated for the profit of the great American bank and its affiliates. The conquest of Mexico by Cortes, that of Peru, were gentle compared with this immense despoiling of a whole people, deprived of their property and their personal liberty.[6]

(6). Sept. 6, 1918, M. Oudendyke, the able representative of the Netherlands Government was at St. Petersburg when the bolsheviks overthrew the Jew Kerensky and began their reign of terror, sent a Report, with an important communication from the wretched British subjects imprisoned in the prison of Peter and Paul, to Sir M. Finlay, British Minister at Christiana. The latter forwarded this report to Mr. Balfour, who received it Sept. 18 and published it as a White Paper April, 1919, after six months delay. This revealing paper was entitled **"A Collection of Reports on Bolshevism in Russia."** The entire Report is illuminating as to Bolshevik proceedings and aims, but the kernel of the whole matter is contained in the following extracts:— **"The danger is now so great that I feel it my duty to call the attention of the British and all other Governments to the facts that, if an end is not put to Bolshevism at once, the civilization of the whole world will be threatened. This is not an**

Jacob Schiff died in 1920, shortly before the death of Lenin. But he had fully carried out the program which he had outlined at the beginning of the century, at Columbia University, through Edward Devine. It belongs to the High Bank to direct the spiritual affairs of L'Humanite.

ARTICLE SIX.

Feb. 29, 1932.

Jacob Schiff died in October, 1920, mourned by Jews of all nationalities who considered him the temporal head of the Jewish nation, and saw him provided by God to punish the Pharaoh of Russia and his people. His death did not interrupt his work. His son, Mortimer Schiff, died a few months ago after ten years of following the same methods with similar tenacity. Under his management the bank of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. continued its super-power above that of the American government of which it directed the international policies. It maintained its close alliance with the Soviets and gave them the famous Five Year Plan, and some of the material with which to carry it into effect. Finally it obtained for Germany the means to restore itself after defeat and prepare for revenge on France. After Mortimer Schiff in turn disappeared, the spirit

exaggeration, but a sober matter of fact, * * * I consider that the immediate suppression of Bolshevism is the greatest issue now before the world, not even excluding the war which is still raging, and unless, as above stated, Bolshevism is nipped in the bud immediately, it is bound to spread in one form or another over Europe and the whole world, as it is organized and worked by Jews who have no nationality and whose one object is to destroy for their own ends the existing order of things. The only manner in which this danger can be averted would be collective action on the part of all the Powers."

Inasmuch as Franklin D. Roosevelt has annually sent his congratulatory cables to the Bolsheviks when celebrating the anniversary of their regime, it will enlighten the reader to know that the late Colonel E. M. House, who was a close and confidential advisor to the President, was exposed on the floor of our Senate by Senator Lawrence Y. Sherman whose address may be found in the **Congressional Record** for Sept. 3, 1918. From that we take the following: The most recent testimony is extracted from 306 pages of a book called **"The Real Colonel House" * * * Be it ever remembered the simon-pure texture of the Colonel's thoughts can be had only by digesting a novel written by him. * * * The publisher of a gehenna of a tale of politics, civil war, love and reform with a meat ax. Suffice it to know that Philip Dru (House's book, ENS.) is an autobiography of the Colonel himself and solves the conundrum how to get rid of the Constitution. * * * Philip Dru becomes a dictator with a clean slate. * * * always we glimpse in both, in the biography and fiction, the abolition of government by law and the substitution of government by a superman."**

of his father continued to influence the policies of the great Judeo-American bank. At the head remained associates and relatives of the elder Schiff among whom we especially note the Warburg Brothers of the Jewish-American bank which we mentioned above, also Mr. Otto Kahn. More than ever did the influence, partly financial, partly political, of these persons take the "spiritual direction of Humanity." This direction has not been delayed. There is no matter of more international importance just now than to know whether Germany will pay the reparations imposed at Versailles, or whether she will treat this last as she did Belgium neutrality, as "a scrap of paper." Peace, war, the next aspect of humanity will depend upon the solution of this problem. It appears now that it will be decided by the bank of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. That this bank originated the resistence of Germany in executing her commitments; that the intervention of President Hoover in favor of the defaulting nation; the international plot to give precedence for private debts over reparations, cannot be denied, especially since Mr. McFadden revealed these facts to the American Congress. *"All these things"*, said the president of the monetary and banking commission of Congress, *"were arranged two years ago. Mr. Hoover, who owes his election to Kuhn, Loeb & Co., received from Germany during the summer of 1930, the prepared plan of the moratorium. He only had to obey orders."*

Our readers should now be able to understand this strange speech better than those who do not follow the American political situation. The former lesson given by Jacob Schiff to President Taft, who was bold enough to rebel, lives in the memories of the statesmen across the Atlantic. According to the revelations of Mr. Mc Fadden the great Jewish-American bank did not in this instance ecounter resistance. It was able to dispose of the President of the United States as a simple agent of their power, and the conflict as to reparations was dropped. The new question which now weighs upon the world is what the exact object of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. will be in an emergency. It would only be half of the truth to believe that they seek the money loaned to Germany for rearming. No doubt that is one object and the amount is worth while, but there is somehing more which the French ought to understand clearly, it is that a strange group of nations who are not necessarily interested in playing the German game, are step by step operating against us. There is a campaign by the world press supported by mysterious funds which daily denounces France as a vampire nation which drew a scandalous profit from the war while we know that she came out of the war half ruined and drained of her best blood.[7]

(7). Lindsay Nicholson in "Zaharoff the Jew, Europe's Greatest Enemy" tells how Zacharias Zacharias was born in Asia Minor and changed his name to Zaharoff and was mentioned at the time of his death as

This same campaign calls for the disarmament of France, and of France alone, while this disarmament is half accomplished by us, the United States, England, Soviet Russia and other powers continue to increase military and naval forces. There are huge sums whose origin seem very much like the subsidies to revolutionary Russia, being spent for several years in Germany to develop and militarise Hitler's party of which the first step when arriving to power will be to declare war. All of these facts united, of which the reality cannot be denied, seem to have the same significance: that the heads of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. are engaged in an international enterprise of the same importance as that undertaken by Jacob Schiff against Russia. ONLY TODAY IT IS FRANCE WHICH THEY PLAN TO DESTROY. TO ERASE FROM THE MAP OF EUROPE ALL INDEPENDENT NATIONS, and to deliver the people over to a revolution on the Russian model which would allow them to reimburse themselves for the expense of triumphing over us. Do not be incredulous as to the im mensity and improbability of such a sheme. The Russian Empire existed for centuries. It had sway over 150 million people and over a sixth part of the globe. Its civilization was very personal. In 1890 the bank of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. declared a merciless war against it of which we have reviewed the episodes. The bank successively subsidized against her, first the Japanese; then Germany, and, above all, internal revolution. In 1917, after twenty-seven years of uninterrupted effort it

"the mystery man of Europe." * * * It is commonplace that international financiers, Jews, conspired the Great War. However, few persons understand the close association of the British armaments industry with these enemies of all white peoples. This intimacy enabled Vickers, with a guilty foreknowledge of the crime of Serajevo to promise the shareholders in March, 1914, "a new era of prosperity" which materialized in August of that year. The Great War so filled the coffers of old Albert Vickers and his accomplices that they shared with their wandering Jew master Zaharoff a distaste for peace. On the home front Zaharoff and his financial highwaymen decided to absorb the old established and powerful Armstrong and Whitworth interests which he had failed to subdue hitherto. At the instance of Zaharoff the Government and the Bank of England deprived these of assistance and credits when undergoing financial difficulties after the war. Their capital, consequently, had to be reduced. Zaharoff acquired the majority of their shares and brought about an amalgamation with Vickers. * * * Of the Great War catastrophe Jews and traitors were wholly guilty. They escaped unpunished yet they are preparing for the war in which Britain will face a world in arms, with a villainous effrontery that deserves the salutations of a firing party. Zaharoff is dead; the palsied hand has fallen from the helm; but Vickers and the Merchantmen of Death anticipate "a new era of prosperity" in the shortness of time." (Published in 1937. Zaharoff, living in Paris, was the Jew who, with his associates, made hundreds of millions of dollars out of the Great War and not France. ENS.)

attained its object. The Russian Empire remained, but, the Russian people now reduced to slavery, suffer on their own soil all that the multitudes of antiquity suffered when dragged into captivity by their Babylonian conquerors. Why should the fate of France be different? The activities working against us are as important and of the same type as those which were employed against Russia. France, in an hour of peril, would even be more isolated. At all events it is needful that France should know whence comes this threatening storm, and that after estimating its gravity, that she confront it without fear or weakness. THIS SHOULD BE MADE THE ORDER OF OF THE DAY IN THE COUNTRY BEFORE OPENING THE CONFERENCE OF REPARATIONS.[8]

ARTICLE SEVEN.
March 4, 1932.

EVEN THOUGH THE STATE REPRESENTS THAT IT HAS THE ARMY WELL IN HAND — IN OTHER WORDS NATIONAL DEFENSE, THIS MEANS NOTHING. IT BELONGS TO SUBVERTED GOVERNMENT AND GIVES EVIDENCE THAT IT IS NOT MASTER OF ITS OWN FINANCES. A NEW TOWER OF SPANDAY IS BUILT.

In Germany national defense is assured by military and financial power which both are specifically German. But from the beginning the financial power has contributed to a Machiavelistic function which has perfected a fabulous mission ex-

(8). Four years after Coty wrote of the possible fate of his country, the following was published in The Daily Mail, Aug. 18, 1936:

SOVIET PLOT FOR FRENCH UPHEAVAL. From our own correspondent. Paris, Monday.

Details of a Soviet plot against France "which nearly succeeded last June during the stay-in strike movement," and which "has only been adjourned until the autumn of this year" are given in the current issue of La Revue de Paris by M. Jacques Bardoux, a member of the Institute of France.

He shows the close links between the French Communist Party, the Komintern, and its offices in Paris, and the Soviet Embassy in Paris, and alleges that among those forces of disintegration the plot was hatched.

M. BARDOUX REVEALS THAT IN MANY FACTORIES OCCUPIED BY WORKERS DURING THE STAY-IN STRIKES, VITAL PLANS OF NATIONAL DEFENSE WERE STOLEN, AND EVERY EFFORT WAS MADE TO CRIPPLE THE ARMS FACTORIES OF FRANCE.

ercised far from the geographical limits of the country and zones of influence linked to it. Thus, underneath the frontiers of nations, friendly or hostile, there works an influence which disconcerts and stupifies the mortals by assuring its comrades of more or less important advantages (the system which we call corruption), however important they may be or impossible to estimate. This extraordinary power has succeeded in interesting a horde of individuals, needy or opportunists, who do not scorn immoral gain, and who, in their countries, have not hesitated to work against their own countries under the cover of a false philosophy and vague ideology which disregard consequences. For themselves and for the world they reassure themselves that their acts will be hidden by the artifice of occult forces. Thus, little by little, there has devedoped and consolidated an international power inspired and led by a chief or by a group of men devoted to the same spiritual and material order. Thus these people who hold ascendency and opinions constitute an unlimited monoply based upon the subjugation of peoples who submit more and more to their will, and have favored and provoked, and still provoke all over the world by increasing means, extension of the agitators of revolution. Tragic revolution of which the responsibility is laid upon demagogy and liberty, while it really is due to the enterprise of German finance.

It formerly was said that the war funds of Germany were kept in the tower of Spandau. Another anachronism. They are in hands far from Germany with people whose slogan is *"Deutchland uber alles."* To them the idea of the fatherland is odious. *"I hate you"* said one of them. For they wish to impose their own country on the world to dominate all others. Their unified country ceases to be a country. It does not exist.

(The reader should note, in connection with the above Article, that this was written before the establishment of the Third Reich and while Germany was under the domination of the Red Ebert Regime. ENS)

TO WEAKEN AUTHORITY.

The plotters have only stayed their hands, alleges M. Bardoux, and are aiming for a dissolution of all leagues and organizations except the semi-military organizations of the Communists and Socialists and for persecution of people in the bourgeoise districts. They hope, by changes in the staffs and by other means, to weaken all judicial and military administration. That work has already begun, especially in the Army. Finally, they intend to intensify the bolshevist propaganda in the provinces.

ARTICLE EIGHT.

April 12, 1932.

NATURAL ANXIETY OF PEACEFUL JEWS.

In our recent study *"A Legitimate Case For Defense,"* we closed our first articles about Jewish-American-German bankers with this statement: *"We have studied their activities; we shall give evidence of our statements; and we shall affirm nothing which we are unable to prove."*

It must be believed that our evidence has been irrefutable and decisive since the journals which gives the plans of the financiers, for example the *"Jewish Chronicle"* and *"Israelite World"* (Jewish Chronicle and L'Univers Israelite) have been unable to reply except by abuse. Not a fact, date, or figure given by us has been contested. It follows that we have given proof that for fifty years, and especially since the beginning of this century, the initiative of the heads of States, the Parliamentary debates, the diplomatic conferences, have been merely screens for the activities of a few international bankers who were more powerful than government officials of any nation. They received the financiers, their masters, the directors of their policies; they obeyed them docilely for fear of being ruined if they made the slightest resistance. We have cited the facts of a banking coalition over world policy; given exact facts and definite demonstrations; the resistance of the Russian nation and dynasty which was punished by the bolshevist revolution and its atrocities; the futile resistance of President Taft who was obliged to come to terms; the complete submission of President Hoover who was rewarded by one of the most unfortunate presidential terms in American history. We might multiply these examples. But another task awaits us. It is to reply to a heap of correspondence resulting from our articles. We try to classify the principal tenor of this immense correspondence and to give attention to the different sides of the problem which this represents.

The first class of letters come from readers who evidently had not read attentively our introduction to the six articles on *"Legitimate Defense."* In this introduction we denied a campaign of anti-Semitism and cited certain cases where well known Jews were not in agreement with Jacob Schiff and his successors. In spite of this some of the letters received show anxiety on the part of the writers for fear that we might renew and galvanize a movement which would engulf all Jews in the deserved reprobation of the bankers who work for the subjugation of the world. On the other hand we have letters encouraging us to carry our offensive against all Israel as included in the crimes of Jewish-German-American finance. These contradictory attitudes show that our reservations were not carefully read, and that a part of the public knows little of the

subject. This is not strange when we consider the systematic silence upon these questions on the part of the Press during many years. Let us then emphasize for both sides, that not only are there financiers among the Jews who fundamentally disagree with revolutionary finance, but also many people of the Jewish race who, far from adhering to the anti-social methods of the Jewish-German-American bankers ,have formed organizations for resisting their influence. Notable among these is the society Agouda Israel" with 800,000 members, founded in 1912 at Kattovice, Poland, which has continued to disagree with the "Agence Juive," a world organization, at one time presided over by Felix Warburg, son-in-law of Jacob Schiff and a director of the bank of Kuhn, Loeb & Co.

While the "Agence Juive", which practically ruled theZionist movement, tended toward an almost openly revolutionary attitude, the founders of "Agouda Israel" held that the Jewish race had everything to lose in leaving the religionist movement, to launch itself into political enterprises which would alienate all nations. "Agouda Israel" especially thought that it was a grave imprudence to constitute minorities of political Jews which would address insolent and incessant appeals to the League of Nations. Its adherents deplored the brutal declarations of war on the part of such men as Dr. Vladmir Jabotinsky[9] who declared at a partial Congress of Zionists in Warsaw that if England did not give the government of Palestine to the Jews, the Jews would be "the dynamite which would destroy the British Empire." They feared that this Jewish turbulence which Roman historians denounced bitterly, might bring about reprisals from which the whole race would suffer. And they stated at their Congress in Vienna in 1929, at which a number of French delegates assisted, that the agitation which had given the most impetus to anti-semitism came from the Jewish section of the Central Council of the Soviets - - those

(9). The New York Herald Tribune, March 14, 1940, ran an article titled "Jabotinsky Says He May Muster A Jewish Army Zionist, Here on SS. Samaria, Is Ready to Rally 120,000 (Jews) In Europe to Fight Nazis." The article then proceeds to tell that in the event of a "real European war," the Jewish army he would raise in eastern central Europe would be in addition to the 50,000 fighters who could be recruited in Palestine. The article also stated that "he was proud of the fact that his son, Eri, had been imprisoned for his part in the smuggling of possibly 26,000 refugees into the Holy Land."

This is the same Jabotinsky who wrote the following in the Jewish Daily Bulletin (N.Y.) of Jan. 27, 1935: "There is only one force in the world that really matters, and that is the force of moral pressure. We Jews are the most powerful nation in the world, because we have that force and know how to use it * * * Revisionism doesn't take the 'NO' of a British official seriously. Government opinions change under pressure."

Soviets which were directed by the bank of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., which protected them.

One notes that the members of "Agouda Israel" who complained against the Soviet activities were among the most religious observers of the Israelitish faith. So when we denounce the veritable acts of war accomplished by the heads of the bank Kuhn, Loeb & Co., against this or that Christian nation, it is interesting to note that 800,000 faithful Israelites share our anxiety, not by placing themselves in the point of view of Western Christianity, but because they fear that Israel may be held responsible for the crimes of certain of their members. "Agouda Israel" cannot be accused of anti-semitism. Those who fear that we agitate for it should drop their accusations' We can also reassure those who think that we limit responsibility or crime to certain Judeo-American bankers, they are mistaken. The power known as the bank of Kuhn. Loeb & Co., has been supreme in American government for fifty years and has spread its affiliates throughout the world. It has not failed to extend its power over those not of Jewish race. We know that it has recruited innumerable accompliches whose activities we have followed, and who are not Jews. We have mentioned the prudent and pacific Jews, the 800,000 members of "Agouda Israel". But it is as easy to cite other organizations of Jews of equal importance who are devoted, soul and body, to the policies inaugurated by Jacob Schiff. Their boldness, their hatred for all which belongs, as Trotsky said, to this old, rotten Europe, is beyond description. One may judge of this by the details of the recent Congress of London, assembled to celebrate the assassin Chalom Schwartzbard, whose political crime made blood flow in Paris. Words were spoken at this Congress; threats were made; which absolutely should cause some action. This will be the subject of our next article.

NINTH ARTICLE.

April 14, 1932.

Reply To Some Objections. The Excesses and Insolence Of Terrorist Jews.

We have said that beside the "Agouda Israel", which represents the religious traditions of the Jewish people who fear to see their race engage in political ventures which risk alienating all the peoples of the world, there exist other organizations of Jews, opposed to them, which are entirely devoted to Jewish imperialism as inaugurated by Jacob Schiff and as continued by his successors. These organizations have hundreds of thousands of adherents and depend upon a powerful press of about three hundred periodicals in Yiddish, and seventy in literary Hebrew. Animated by very advanced thought; nourished by melagomaniacal dreams; they threaten all civilized peoples

with revolutionary agitation and bloody drama --- thus putting an arm of unheard of power into the hands of the bankers who rule the world and lead it toward a horrible future.

To judge of the enterprises which these associations plan, one must study one of their recent manifestations:— the Jewish Congress organized in London for the solemn reception of Chalom Schwartzbard, who a few years ago assassinated the Ukranian General Petlioura in Paris. You will recall this atrocious act which took place in the Latin quarter in the spring of 1926. General Petlioura, Ataman of the insurgent Ukranians, had taken temporary refuge in Paris and was to leave for Warsaw, to solicit help from Marshal Pilsudski to resume the war in Ukraine against the Soviets. He had no fear of being attacked on the hospitable soil of France. However, he had complained that for several days he had been spied upon by suspicious looking characters. In the day of May 26, 1926, he imprudently lunched away from home in a modest restaurant in the Odeon quarter. As soon as he seated himself at table one of the spies jumped into an automobile and went to Montmartre to bring a fierce looking man who had waited for several days for an opportunity. It was the killer, Chalom Schwartzbard. Arriving at the door he hid and watched his victim. The assassin was well chosen; a Polish Jew naturalized a Frenchman, he had been in our army during the war and obtained a citation for bravery which played a part in the indulgence of the jury. The Soviets who profited by the crime gave great publicity to the acquittal, leaving a bad impression on their enemies. Schwartzbard had met Petlioura in the Urkraine and knew him well enough to risk no mistake of identity. Having finished his meal the General left and walked toward the Luxembourg Garden. Schwartzbard allowed him to pass and then called to him by name in Polish. Petlioura, thinking it was some compatriot, turned and approached without fear. The assassin fired point blank. The General staggered when a second bullet struck him down unconcious. Quite cooly Schwartzbard fired four more bullets at the victim on the ground. When arrested he went with his captors expressing his joy that he knew his victim was dead. The following year his lawyer, Henry Torres, then a member of the "Secours Rouge", demanded that his client be acquitted by the parisian jury and cited terrible Pogroms which had taken place against the Jews in the course of the civil war against the Soviets carried on by Ukranian troops. He heaped insults upon the victim, assisted by the subsidized press. The jury voted for acquittal. We were among those who protested at the time against this horrible crime. We were told by even those who deplored the assassination that it would be best to drop the matter for the sake of appeasement and not to seek out the accomplices. Gradually one heard no more about Schwartzbard. However he had no intention of disappearing from the scene. After his crime he

wrote us an insolent letter in which he glorified his act and asserted that he had had no help except that given by his lawyer. (We shall see later through the admissions of Dr. Zalkind, at the recent London Congress, that this was not the truth.) He then made a tour through the principal cities of Europe and spoke before Jewish assemblies, not to justify himself, but to call his crime the setting of an example. This tour brought him to London on the 27th of last November. A great manifestation in his honor was organized by some of the Jewish revolutionary societies which we have mentioned before.

We cite the "Arbeiter Ring", a Jewish workers' alliance to which Schwartzbard belonged; the "Jewish Association for Art and Literature"; the "Ben Uri" association; the London branch of the "Yiddisher Wissenschaftlicher Institute"; the "Union of Ladies Garment Workers"; the "Union of Jewish Bakers of London", etc., also numerous societies of Jewish women. As faithfully as possible we reproduce the incredible tale of the evening which followed, taken from the reports in the *"Jewish Times"*, a Yiddish London Daily, on the dates of November 29th, and December 7th, 1931.

"Last Friday an immense assemblage was gathered at "Circle House" to greet the great hero who executed vengeance on the Ukranian General Petlioura. Hundreds of Jews rejoiced in attending this reception. But many of them could not find a place in the limited space. They filled the streets approaching "Circle House" and waited patiently in hope of seeing the beloved great hero as he passed. S. Joseph, president of the Committee for Propaganda of the 'Arbeiter Ring', presided at this meeting and saluted Schwartzbard the Jew with the greatest honor given by contemporary Judaism. The Schwartzbards are Jewish saints. Dr. Zalkind (translator of the Talmud), a communist lecturer, joined in the congratulations and related how the 'Arbeiter Ring' had organized the defense of Schwartzbard during his trial in Paris.

"In poetic style, E. Good, in the name of the Society "Ben Uri", praised the hero of the festivities. Mr. Moses Kleinman, in the name of the Jewish writers and journalists of London, saluted Schwartzbard and spoke of the life of the Jews in the Ukraine where Schwartzbard once conversed with Petlioura. Mr. J. Kapitantsik fraternally congratulated Schwartzbard in the name of the London branch of the Society 'Iwa'. Schwartzbard himself, who was acclaimed with uproarious jubilation and who, standing, appeared like one of our ancient prophets, emphasized his admonition against disunion among Jews, their

hateful submission, their too great indifference at the present time. He reminded the audience that public opinion throughout the world, not only does not protest against anti-semitism, but on the contrary, acclaims those who lead it. Therefore the only hope of the Jew lay in self-defense. He recalled the prowness and the sacrifices of the Jews of old; introduced a brief prayer recalling the victory of the Maccabees, and affirmed his conviction that Jewish heroism is no less today; that the Jews would know how to organize a self-defense, through which they would triumph over their many enemies."

This discourse, an apology for assassination and an incitement to civil war, was acclaimed with loud applause by the delirious audience. The major part of the Jewish Press echoed the *"Jewish Times"* by reproducing extracts, and seeing a program of organized action for the Jewish world. Note that the word "self-defense" is no illusion. It is the literal translation of the word "auto-defense" by which the communists designate their combat groups which so long have disturbed Paris, and against which it has been necessary to double the Paris Police corps, costing, yearly, 300 supplementary millions. We know that the armed groups of Jewish workmen recommended by the assassin Schwartzbard, during his tour of European cities, are being formed. In Paris their recruiting is pursued under the mask of Jewish sports groups, groups of Jewish veterans, readily transformable in active revolutionary committees. Here are the imprudent steps, the serious political errors, mentioned with anxiety by "Agouda Israel', and by all peaceful Jews of whom we have spoken.

Having begun by forming minorities of political Jews in the midst of all peoples, the revolutionary Jews, under the name of self-defense, claim the right today to assassinate whoever may be an obstacle to their plans.[10] They plan,especially in France and England, to follow the terrorist tactics which they used with such success in Russia and which prepared the double revolution of 1917. Yesterday the victim of their attack was Russia. Today it is France. England is no less threatened, strange as it may seem to our friends across the channel whose eyes are still closed, but who may find in these articles strange revelations as to what is being prepared in the British Empire. Before continuing this subject we must reply to a new list of objections which have come from our correspondence. That will be the subject of our next article on *"The dynasty which is arising in Israel."*

(10). James Waterman Wise, son of Rabbi Wise, speaking before 3,000 Jews in the Free Synagogue, Sunday, Oct. 28, 1934, is reported by the Press, N.Y., as saying that what America may need is a good dose of Russia or of Reds. Thus plainly and boldly does he proclaim liquidation as put into effect by the O.G.P.U. in Russia.

TENTH ARTICLE.

April 16, 1932.

THE DYNASTY WHICH IS ARISING IN ISRAEL.

In the large mail which our preceding study brought us there is a category of letters almost uniform in tone and content, evidently coming from readers who derive their inspiration from the same source, all of whom mention as a strong argument in support of our thesis, the existence of the old document and -- even if it is authentic - do not consider it of great importance[11]

We do not intend to use or to quote from it when speaking of Jewish societies, whether open or secret, which work for the policies of Jewish-American bankers. The main importance of this document is a proof of survival on a part of humanity, of a state of romantic - - we do not say romansque - - thought.

What need is there to have recourse to mysterious, perhaps authentic but disputed documents, while we have a mass of definite statements more probing and official, with signatures of the leaders of the revolutionary conjuration? It is from this source alone that we shall draw our facts and we are certain that the criminals unmasked by them will have in future, any more than in the past, any recourse except vituperation and denials of guilt. Furthermore, the readers who refer to this document, besides a number of those who show curiosity, desire to know more about the group directing the conspiracy, of late in Russia, and now in France. Many show surprise at the idea that a private bank, however great its funds, and which must be limited, can manage to triumph over the power of a great state, and, in a decisive way, influence the policies of the world.

Some, indeed, ask if we must not see in the bank of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., the principal seat of the financiers who rule the world; a social argument of the important fraction of the Jewish race who hope to achieve the universal domination of the world by means of subjecting all nations through Bolshevism.

The best reply to these questions is to retrace the history of the dynasty which is rising in Israel and which, for fifty years, has not ceased to work for the overthrow of the world, not only for gain, but for domination of race.[12]

(11). Mr. Coty is obviously referring here to the Protocols of the Elders of Zion.

(12). Benjamin Disraeli, who was Earl of Beaconsfield and prime minister of Great Britain, was a Jew and glorified in it. In his book "Coningsby" there is a Jewish character named Sidonia who is made to say with admiration of a career that would control the secret sway of Europe. (p. 120) Then on page 249 he adds these words: "And every

The bank, Kuhn, Loeb & Co., was established in New York in 1875. The founders were German Israelites, Messrs. Kuhn and Loeb, and a Russian Jew, Mr. Wolf. All three were great cloth merchants of Cincinnati who wished to invest their profits in a bank. Their early plan does not seem to have been political. That influence appeared with the entry as director, of Jacob Schiff, of whom we have told enough in previous artticles. Arriving from Frankfort in New York in 1865, Jacob Schiff took over the direction of the new bank after its foundation and obtained a controlling influence through his marriwith the eldest daughter of Mr. Loeb. During twelve years the manager of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., was only able to exert restrained political action. His role consisted in establishing permanent links with the principal Jewish-German banks of the United States, especially the banks of Speyer & Co., originally of Frankfort, and of Seligman & Co. The marriage of Mr. Isaac Seligman with the second daughter of Mr. Loeb reinforced the financial alliance. The dynasty which the American government obeyed, and which reigns over Red Russia, began to take shape.

generation they must become more powerful and more dangerous to the society that is hostile to them." It is on pages 251-252 that we find Sidonia in his comment saying to Coningsby: "So you see, my dear Coningsby, that the world is governed by very different personages from what is imagined by those who are not behind the scenes." To this we add the following from the Dearborn Independent issue of Dec. 18, 1920:

"And now for the most illuminating lines Disraeli ever wrote — lines which half compel the thought that maybe, after all, he was writing to warn the world of Jewish ambition for power:

'You never observe a great intellectual movement in Europe in which the Jews do not greatly participate. That mysterious Russian diplomacy which so alarms Western Europe is organized and principally carried on by Jews. That mighty revolution which is at this moment preparing in Germany, and which will be, in fact, a second and greater Reformation, and of which so little is yet known in England, is entirely developing under the auspices of Jews. (p.250)

"American Jews say that the Protocols are inventions. Is Benjamin Disraeli an invention? Was this Jewish Prime Minister of Great Britain misrepresenting his poeple? Are not his portrayals taken as true history? And what does he say? He shows that in Russia, the very country where the Jews complained they were the least free, the Jews were in control. He shows that the Jews know the technique of revolution, foretelling in his book the revolution that later broke out in Germany. How did he foreknow it? Because that revolution was developing under the auspices of Jews, and, thouhgh it was then true that 'so little is yet known in England.' Disraeli the Jew knew it, and knew it to be Jewish in origin and development and purpose. One point is sure: DISRAELI TOLD THE TRUTH."

Jacob did not have the disposition of the funds of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., for his world projects, nor, up to a certain point, of their associates. The utilitarian spirit of the banking world was opposed to sacrifices for purely ideological purposes such as those which would be needed for the struggle against Tsarism. To realize his dreams of revolution in Russia and elsewhere, Jacob Schiff needed a vast reservoir from which he might draw without accounting to stockholders who thought first of their immediate interests. This reservoir was furnished him from the beginning of 1890 through the liberalities of the multimillionaire, Baron Hirsch. People have forgotten this German Jew who made, in the 19th century, the collossal fortune of eight millards of francs through introducing German interests into Turkey where French influence was destroyed. No one recalls *(there have been so many plunderers since)* his famous Ottoman bonds which ruined so many French families. The man was, however, one of the greatest exploiters of the time; he had made his residence in France and played a great role there, both political and social, which did not prevent him from writing letters to the *"Gazette de Cologne"* which were the scandal of the epoch, such as the following:

"The company of Ottoman Railways has a splendid German character; it has brought into Turkey hundreds of German employees; given them positions, and existence for themselves and their families, thus founding in Turkey a real German colony. Locomotives, cars, iron bridges, rails, etc., have been almost exclusively made in Germany — Hanover, Mainz, Nuremberg, Cologne, Dortmund, and other German factories, opening a fertile field to German industry. For the employees composed almost entirely of Germans; for the German colonization; it would be an unfortunate thing to see foreign capitalists, French or English, for instance, take over Turkey in the place of the existing company. I am sure that you would regret countenancing such a result."

The French sentiments expressed in this letter by the Baron Hirsch were accompanied by a plan to create a permanent combat force at the service of his race. He attached little importance to the services of the "Alliance Israelite Universelle" which was too occupied with schools and relief for needy Jews. Also, in his liberalities, he was careful to retain for himself an income of 16,000 pounds sterling. His efforts centered upon the creation of a Jewish Colonization Association, an Anglo-Jewish society established with the help of Sir Ernest Cassel, the celebrated Hebrew counsellor of the future Edward VII. Baron Hirsch endowed this society in 1890, with sums which amounted to eleven million pounds sterling (275 millions gold

francs which make a milliard and 375 millions of our money.) Officially, the Jewish Colonization Association aimed to establish colonies of proletarian Jews in Asia Minor, South America, Canada, recruited principally from Russia, Poland and Rumania. Actually, by its fundamental measures of recruiting, it was brought to operate in countries where the Jews live in a state of open hostility against the original inhibitants. They were pledged to furnish the coreligionists of the founder every possible assistance, and to give protection by international action against governments. From this point it was only a step to taking the offensive and to enter into it against the Russian and Rumanian governments.

The program of the foundation of Baron Hirsch was linked with the projects of Jacob Schiff. The alliance between the Parisian multimillionaire and the official of the New York bank was simple, since they had already been brought together through Sir Ernest Cassel who appreciated the political genius of Jacob Schiff. Desirous of giving Jacob Schiff the means for realizing his dream of Jewish imperialism, Baron Hirsch established in the Uinted States in 1891 a special branch, but an independent one, of the Jewish Colonization Association, and gave for the first endowment 493,000 pounds sterling (more than 61 millions of our paper money). Further enriched by successive large subscriptions from Jewish capitalists, this branch then had at its command several milliards of francs. Jacob Schiff had practical command from the time of its foundation.

Let us turn to the second article of our first study and recall that it was at about this time, 1890-1891, that official documents show that a certain number of revolutionary Jews returned from abroad to their homes to conduct revolutionary propaganda, supplied with funds by Jacob Schiff. The destroyer at last possessed the dynamite for his work of ruin. At this time he made use of Jewish Nihilists of Russian origin, duly naturalized and furnished with American passports. These presented themselves as recruits to the .'Jewish Colonization" and naturally occupied themselves chiefly with proletarian Jews who were more or less settled in Russian proletarian centers. The evil seed of revolution was easily transmitted from the Israelites to the Slavs. This is what justified the refusal of the Russian government to give visas for the passports of the Jewish Americans, and brought about the conflict between the two countries which we mentioned above. Now we shall see how the dynasty which is arising in Israel became established and grew strong enough to subjugate the American government.[13]

(13). In our book "Are These Things So?", the chapter on "The Termite at Work" is given an account of a friend of ours who was consul at St. Petersburg. It it there shown that when checking on passports

ELEVENTH ARTICLE.

April 18, 1932.

We have said that the policy of Jacob Schiff was to unite not only the principal Jewish-German banks of America, but the banks of the same origin which existed in other countries.

As required, political marriages more carefully studied than those between crowned heads, were consumated in order to bring the financial power closely allied to the prime head. We have cited the marriage of Isaac Seligman to the second daughter of Mr. Loeb. This brought into the orbit of Jacob Schiff, husband of Mr. Loeb's eldest daughter, the powerful bank of Seligman & Co., of New York. Two marriages of considerable political importance were those of Mr. Loeb's third daughter, and of Jacob Schiff's own daughter, 1895 and 1896, to the Jew-German bankers, Paul and Felix Warburg, brothers of the banker, Max Warburg of Hamburg. One may judge of the world combinations which these private alliances made possible if one recalls that during the World War Max Warburg was the financial advisor of the Kaiser, while his brother, Paul Warburg, managed the bank of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., and founded the Federal Reserve Bank, playing the role of the Treasurer of the United States at the side of President Wilson.

What complicated machinations, what paralyzing obstacles were by these means placed in the way of the Allies without the people engaged in the atrocious conflict suspecting it.

When we recall that Jacob Schiff was succeeded, in 1890, by his son Mortimer Schiff, who died in 1931, it remains to direct attention to the connections of Mr. Otto Kahn, who came fron Mannheim, and was at first an official of an affiliate bank (Speyer & Co., of New York). Mr. Kahn married the granddaughter of Mr. Wolf, one of the three founders of Kuhn Loeb & Co. We shall have occasion to speak later of the mission recently fulfilled by Mrs. Otto Kahn in connection with the Soviets. Since the death of Mortimer Schiff and of Paul Warburg, the management of the powerful coalition of banks founded by Jacob Schiff now belongs to his son-in-law, Felix Warburg and to Mr. Otto Kahn. In 1912, under the domina-

supposed to have been issued to American citizens he found a large number during the war that were not entitled to them and in each case it was held by a Jew. When this situation was reported to Washington, instead of receiving congratulations for his diligence, he was not only reprimanded but ultimately forced out of the service through, as our text shows, the influence of Asher Ginsberg, known in Russia as "The King of the Jews." Our friend had his resignation forwarded to him by the Department of State and sweetened it by promoting a Jewish inspector of Consulates to a $10,000 position. **"Thus does Jewry reward its elect"** was the remark passed to me. ENS.

tion of this powerful banking concentration as exerted upon the policies of the United States, protests began to be made everywhere in America. There were several debates on the subject in both Houses of Congress. Although he was supported by Kuhn, Loeb & Co., President Wilson was obliged to yield to public sentiment and to consent to the appointment of a Commission of Inquiry as to the importance and danger presented by the banking trust which everyone denounced. The report of the Commission given to the American Congress was startling. Yes, the banking trust existed. It was comprised of five principal banks which controlled one hundred and twelve important banks, as well as numerous organizations, both industrial and financial, extending over the whole United States and in different countries of the world. Yea, the power of this coalition was stupendous: in giving the total of capital represented by these banks and the enterprises dependant on on them, the report reached the incredible sum of 22 milliards and 245 millions of dollars (which means more than 556 milliards in our money). One may grasp the significance of these figures if one reflects that the entire fortune of France, including her vast colonial empire, is, at the present time, valued by economics, at about 1,500 millards. And this accumulation is divided between the State and forty million human beings; while the 556 milliards grouped around Jacob Schiff in 1912 were entirely at his disposal. He had a source of power heretofore unequalled. The Commission of Inquiry was not mistaken and concluded its report in these impressive words: *"The powerful grip of these gentlemen is upon the lever which controls universal credit; at their signal the wheels of this or that credit turn, or are stopped."* One may understand the alarm on the other side of the Atlantic at hearing this ringing declaration. The French Press which keeps us posted as to the smallest details of a new film at Hollywood, was completely silent as to this Inquiry which evidently was too important to be made known to the French poeple. Were it not for *"L'Ami du Peuple,"* they still would be uninformed. In order to create a counterbalance to this bankers trust, which had been denounced, Congress adopted in that same year, the "Federal Reserve System" which made the institution of credit in the United States dependent upon twelve large banks, regionally situated, but placed under a central control. But President Wilson, who had his reasons, made the basis of the new institution a Commission of five members - - of whom Mr. Paul Warburg, just naturalized the preceding year, was the chief ornament. So, as a matter of fact, it was a project of the co-director of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., which was adopted with slight modifications. And Prof. E. R. Seligman of Columbia University was justified in saying in one of his books on American economics, that: *"The name of Mr. Paul Warburg must be linked with the act which instituded the Federal Reserve Bank."* Far from being severed, the bonds in which the bank

of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., held the American government, were stronger than before. This explains the veritable vassalage spoken of recently by Mr. Mc Fadden in a speech before Congress, in which the Presidents of the United States, and at present, Mr. Hoover, are held. Not only does the diplomatic intervention of the latter the past year in favor of Germany, as reflected in the payment of reparations, appear in its true light; but also the insolent speech of Mr. Gibson, representing the American government at the disarmament conference, show its worth. It is France which is to be deprived of rightful indemnities and also of the armaments which she needs for defense against new agressions which threaten. The bank, Kuhn, Loeb & Co., has so decided, and the American government obeys.

The fall of the Tsarist Empire and the enslavement of Russia by Bolshevism were the work of Jacob Schiff; the glory of his reign. The immense riches of Russia; the one hundred and sixty million slaves who must submit to forced labor, were the unprecedented prize of this victory. No less ambitious, the descendants of this dynasty, Mr. Felix Warburg and Mr. Otto Kahn, dream today of another conquest: that of France and her Colonial Empire. For that a new war is needed. Their sinister influence is felt in all present diplomatic debates; in all the coalitions which are outlined in view of a new conflict. The tragic gleam which already shines on the horizon of the Rhine is their work. There will be no end to the enterprise. The dark treasuries of the Zionists which have developed since the first millions donated by the Baron Hirsch to Jacob Schiff, nourish a propaganda which becomes more revolutionary every day, and, which, sooner or later, threatens all nations. We have seen how the example of Schwartzbard is held up to the whole race by the Yiddish journals which are inspired by the "Agence Juive", an organization of which Mr. Felix Warburg is the avowed head. The Jewish groups of "Self-defense" are fraternally linked with the communist groups of "Auto-defense". According to the plan of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., the social revolution; a revolution which is to be as atrocious as that of Russia, shall break forth during the next war. It grows nearer day by day. It now remains to indicate the positions already taken for this eventuality in other countries besides France, by the financiers who rule the world.[14]

(14). From p. 5209 of the Congressional Record, Monday, March 25, 1940, Congressman J. Thorkelson, is reported to have said:

"The internationalists, however, have finally come to the conclusion that they cannot create this world government except by destroying every sovereign government in the world, and it is with that purpose in mind that unseen forces are now at work in the United States to destroy our Government. In 1913, they were successful in destroying the sovereign government of the State when State representation was abol-

TWELFTH ARTICLE.
April 20, 1932.

THE NET WHICH ENTRAPS THE NATIONS. ENGLAND'S POSITION.

We have said that the financiers who rule the world made their plans a long time ago for the progressive subjugation of different European nations. France was the first country which was destined to follow Russia in the fatal path. The third place was reserved for England. Once these two great peoples should fall, the rest of the continent would offer little resistance. Outside of Europe the work of revolutionary destruction is more or less advanced, according to the country, but it is carried on with the same activity under the vigilant control of the agents of the high Judeo - American - German bank. Invariably one recognizes their part in each episode of the universal destruction which we watch. Drugged by the so-called Press of Information which feeds them on crimes of passion; false reports; more and more occupied with the cinema and tainted romances; people feel that something obscure and gigantic threatens them. They note that all their supports of security and prosperity crumble at the same time

ished in the Senate of the United States. .They, no doubt, hope to destroy the sovereign government of the United States by suspension of the Congress, either by war or because of some critical internal upheaval. This scheme of world control is promoted by the internationalists who now controls gold, money and credit. The income from this, and the income from the money and control, is employed by the international Communist to spread these radical doctrines of destruction so that he himself may, in the midst of this international confusion, attain control of the Government. His avenue of approach is subtle, for by pretended charities and philanthropies he confuses and waylays our teachers, so that they innocently further his plans by so-called "liberal construction" of fundamental principles of government and life.

See Appendix I.

That the words "internal upheaval" mentioned by Mr. Thorkelson are intelligently used is obvious from the following: (See Appendix I. Article from Revue International des Societies Secrets of Sept. 1930.)

Note also the following which appeared in The Social Frontier, June, 1935, edited by such educational Satellites as George S. Counas, John Dewey, Chas. A. Beard and Henry P. Fairchild: "With this issue the Social Frontier bids its readers farewell for the summer months. The next issue, Vol. II, No. 1, unless the revolution occurs in the interval, will appear in October, 1935."

If one inquires what kind of a revolution it takes to prevent a magazine from going to print, we quote the following from Stalin, May, 1938 session of the Third Internationale, Moscow: "The revival of revolu-

But they are incapable of appreciating the whole plan which dominates this systematic destruction. England, for instance, would be astonished if told that all the blows which have been carried out during less than a year, - - Mutiny of the "Home Fleet"; threat of Ireland's secession; are of common origin and delivered by the same hand. But this is the fact. The mutinies in the British navy are due to Communist intrigues; they are inclined to admit this. But that these intrigues are centralized in Moscow and controlled from above by the financiers of the Judeo-German-American banks - - real sovereigns of Red Russia - - we are able to prove. Nothing important is done by the bolshevists without their previous approval.

The fall of the pound to below par is the work of their agents; this is a proven fact. Although France offered new credits to England in her difficulties, to preserve the gold standard, it was the refusal of the United States to go beyond a first loan which decided the British government to give up the fight. And as we have demonstrated. American finance almost entirely obeys the orders of Mr. Felix Warburg and Mr. Otto Kahn, the present heads of the dynasty -which is rising in Israel. The struggle of separatist Ireland against England is identified with the person of Mr. de Valera, whom we have been accustomed for several years to see bidding for the leadership of Irish patriotism. Naturally he is held responsible for the new disturbances which will cause the tentative secession from England - - which cannot do without the stations for her fleet in Ireland. In this movement no one discerns the work of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., although the political consequences are incalculable. However, their activity is certain and we shall prove it.

tionary action on any scale sufficiently vast will not be possible unless we succeed in utilizing the existing disagreements between the capitalistic countries, so as to precipitate them against each other into armed conflict. The doctrine of Marx-Engels-Lenin teaches us that all war truly generalized should terminate automatically by revolution. The essential work of our party comrades in foreign countries consists then in facilitating the provocation of such a conflict. Those who do not comprehend this know nothing of revolutionary Marxism. I hope that you will remind the comrades, those of you who direct the work. The decisive hour will arrive."

Prior to this, at a regular meeting of all communist units held throughout the United States on Tuesday, Dec. 28, 1937, all communists were instructed to join the R.O.T.C. and National Guard units for the purpose of effecting communist cells in an effort to get control of these important government units; increasing membership and sabotaging all army equipment in the event of war, from revolver to machine gun.

It is, therefore, obvious that Congressman Thorkelson is very well informed.

The agent concerned is a Zionist Jew from Lithuania, called Robert Briscoe. Brought up in the ghetto in Dublin and with a purely Hebraic education, in spite of his own and his family's English naturalization, he took an early part in the most advanced movements of Irish Nationalism. Familiar with banking, he became a sort of treasurer for the Valera party. Soon he was depended upon for procuring the resources for agitation. Up to this time the funds had come from Imperial Germany which was interested in creating difficulties for the British government during the war. The personal work of Briscoe consisted in increasing them tenfold by sums which he procured from the United States. Officially these sums came from people of Irish birth who form an important portion of the American population.

But the great abundance and regularity of these contributions coincided with the time when the Lithuanian Jew entered into relations with his coreligionists in America and their banks. Thanks to the money of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., an important arrangement for contraband arms and munitions was orgaized by Briscoe in Germany which allowed the Irish Nationalists to continue their insurrection. We know that after the recognition of Irish Autonomy Mr. de Valera's party refused to accept the new conditions and resumed the fight, not now against the English government, but against the Irish government. Briscoe was one of the most active of the new rebels and acquired great influence over their leaders. Again it was he who obtained for them the needed funds for civil war.

When the forces of the Irish government put down this insurrection and it was changed to an opposition parliament, Briscoe was one of the most prominent members and continued to push extreme resolutions. The recent electoral success of Mr. de Valera was to a great extent his work. Also the refusal of the oath of allegiance had no more fervent protagonist than he. This Irishman by adoption is filled with a more bitter hatred of England than the Irish themselves who have inherited for eight centuries this struggle against their conquerors. This is confirmed by an article about him in the *"Canadian Eagle"*. a Jewish Montreal paper, in its issue of Oct. 6, 1931. - *"'Briscoe is an Irish Jew for whom the Irish government is not Irish enough. But Briscoe is a good Jew. He is a member of one of our orthodox synagogues; occasionally assists at the services; and is concerned with the Zionist movement, and places a Jewish emblem on his door."* Zionist he appears, as agent of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., and belonging to the intellectual progeniture of Baron Hirsch and of Jacob Schiff. Do the English which are so concerned with events in Ireland sometimes suspect the role which the financiers who rule the world have played in this sudden aggravation of such a wound in the flank of the Empire? Probably no more than the unhappy Chinese ruined by twenty years of revolution, killed or dead of hunger

by dozens of millions, suspect what is hidden behind the crooked game of the American government in China. In an earlier study we have told the story of the downfall of the Manchus through the work of Sun Yat Sen and his acolytes and successors - - principally supported by funds from the United States — untiring in diplomatic support. It is not without interest to know that the channel by which subsidies from New York have passed for twenty years is a Maurice Cohen who is linked with the Zionist movement, and consequently belongs to the organizations presided over by Mr. Felix Warburg. Arriving in early youth from Germany to London, and having passed his younger days in the ghetto of Whitechapel, Maurice Cohen made the acquaintance of refugee Chinese in England and learned their language. After making a fortune in the American bank he went to China, and like Robert Briscoe in Ireland, he became the financier of the nationalist party. Always he cherished the thought of political union with the bolshevists, and he even furnished Lenin, in 1918, the Chinese who were detailed as the recruits of the butchers of the Tcheka. Today, *the London Daily Mail* gives an article on Maurice Cohen in which it calls him "diplomat, General, and Chinese financier", stating that at the present time he may be considered the secret dictator of China. "At the present time", and for a long time previously.[15]

It is such secret dictators, all enrolled in Zionist organizations, all dependent on the financiers who rule the world, who are working to unite the peoples by social revolution and by the abolition of individual liberty, under the scepter of the dynasty which is arising in Israel. This dynasty does not reign everywhere ,openly but in Russia, where the Red Army carries the "shield of David" on its caps; where the Commissars of the people wear, as a sign of office, the "seal of Solomon' the dynasty does not hesitate to demand the public rights and honors of sovereigns. Thus it was that in June, 1931, Mrs. Otto Kahn, granddaughter of Mr. Wolf, one of the founders of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., and wife of one of the present dictators of the House, made a visit of one month to Russia. She was officially received by the Soviet Government which gave a great diplomatic dinner in her honor and several brilliant receptions. The solemnity and brillance surpassed the reception given to Amanoullah when he was the bolshevist ruler of Afghanistan. The Red Army lined the road and presented arms. This was the least that could be done to show honor to the wife of one of their sovereigns, heads of the "dictatorship of the Proletariat."

(15). Gorodin, who was Lenin's agent in China, is alleged to have had with him a copy of the book published by Colonel House, **"Philip Dru — Administrator"**, and a code expert who had lived in China told this writer that the purpose of having constant access to this book by Gorodin was to use it for coding and decoding messages.

SUMMARY.

It is indeed a misfortune that Mr. Coty is not alive today to write of the events which have transpired from 1932 to1940. However, the reader can learn much of the international plot if he will send *thirty cents* to *"The Individualist"*, P. O. Box 720, Lincoln, Neb.. and obtain copies 74, 75, and 76 of that publication. From these we take the following:

1.— The President's promise to "drive the money changers from the temple" was shortlived. He did give them a bad scare temporarily, however, when he announced the suspension of gold payments (internationally abandoning the Gold Standard) in mid-April of 1933. The shock to the gold bloc was serious enough to cause Montagu C. Norman, governor of the Bank of England, to change ships in mid-ocean when he heard the news on his way to India. James P. Warburg then became dubious enough to bestir himself and write *"Hell Bent for Election"* to be later followed with *"Still Hell-Bent."* Roosevelt had truly committed the unpardonable sin.

2.— By late July of 1933, mysterious forces were laying the groundwork for a change in international tactics. At that time the "gold policy" really began to take form and on March 20, 1934, Congress passed the Gold Bill. No one would admit being author of the Bill and the President publicly admitted that he had not read the Bill even though he would not disclose the names of the authors. This Bill also provided for the 2 billion dollar secret stabilization fund that virtually made Henry Morgenthau, Jr., an international financial institution all by himself. This bill established the value of imported gold at $ 35 an ounce even though its cost of production ranged anywhere from $11 to $19 an ounce. Since that time the price of gold stocks under our protection (most of it does not belong to us[16]) has increased to around 18 billions.

3.— In September of 1935 it was announced that Morgenthau was arranging a pleasure trip to Europe which would enable him to discuss the stabilization of international exchange. At that time it was also mentioned that the two billion stabilization fund could be used later to apply on reducing our national debt if international stabilization ever became successful. We ask you to tuck this point away in your memory because it will be used as one of the main talking points for the

(16). Is it not pertinent to inquire that when this portion of gold held by us is converted by the owners that enough funds would be provided to pay a large part of the cost of the present war in Europe?

international set-up and will make good bait to be used later on our Congressmen. The following month, on Oct. 15, 1935, Secretary Hull advocated a three-fold international effort for peace and prosperity which was, according to an AP item:

> "1. A 'vigorous rebuilding of international trade.'
>
> "2. A 'gradual restoration of international monetary stability.'
>
> "3. An international agreement 'upon the organization and principles which will assure that all important raw materials will become available on reasonable terms wherever they are needed.' "[17]

4.— At this point please note the little play enacted by Russia, England, France and the United States. On Sept. 25, 1936 the tripartite agreement between France, England, and the United States was announced. This agreement more definitely indicated the new plans of the gold bloc with respect to the use of the stabilization fund of the participants in bolstering each other's currencies. Mr. Hull said that the agreement was in harmony with the reciprocal trade program and Morgenthau admitted an international monetary agreement. On the next day after the agreement was announced, Russia conveniently offered a million pounds sterling "at any price" which started off the use of our stabilization fund with a bang. Now they were ready to go places. Warburg, the anti - New Deal author, was miraculously converted into Warburg, the New Deal booster. An AP item of Oct. 17, 1936, spoke of Warburg's change of heart in the following manner:

"While he would make no comment additional to his letter to Secretary of State Hull, it was believed his reaffirmation of support for the President comes from two things, the recently

(17). From Protocol IX.

From us emanates a far-reaching terror. Peoples of all opinions and of all doctrines are at our service, restorers of monarchy, demagogues, socialists, communists and other Utopians. We have put them all to work. Everyone of them from his view point is undermining the last remnant of authority, is trying to overthrow all existing order. All the governments have been tormented by these actions. They long for quiet and are ready to make any sacrifice for the sake of peace. But we will not give them peace until they recognize our super-government openly and with submission.

The masses are clamoring concerning the necessity of solving the social problem by means of international agreement. The division into parties has placed them all at our disposal inasmuch as, in order to carry on the war between them, it is necessary to have money and we have it all.

concluded tri-partite monetary agreement between the United States, France, and Britain and the reciprocal tariff pacts concluded with the leadership of Secretary Hull."

5.— The next step was soon to follow. On Nov. 17, 1936, it was announced that Roosevelt had issued a call to the 21 American Republics for a so-called Peace Conference. A major international sales campaign was about to begin. Two days later Hull predicted that the coming Inter-American "Peace" Conference at Buenos Aires would complete "mile stones in the progress of international relationships." He also declared that the trade pacts proved that peace could be best maintained by "economic rehabilitation." This conference laid the groundwork for the immediate objective of establishing trade pacts and prepared the way for later efforts to be directed toward bringing about so-called "currency stabilization." Immediately after the South American trip, Walter Runciman and Sir Otto Niemeyer arrived from England to check up on the progress that had been made at Buenos Aires. Sir Otto Niemeyer had long been connected with the gold bloc and in 1928 became chairman of the financial committee of the League of Nations. Runciman has had quite some experience as a roving delegate and was the mediator who met with Benes in the Czech crisis.

Continuing from *"The Individualist":* It is still too early to know whether A. A. Berle, Jr. is also to play the role of an apparent political sacrifice, but until such time as he is dedicated on the altar of internationalism, his statements trace the pattern of things to come. The AP report of his address made at New Haven, Conn., on Jan. 31st last, contained the following:

*"It seems fantastic today to suggest handing over some of our accumulated gold as a free gift to re-establish international currency to let other nations set their house in order, and thereby re-establish trade and normal life. But this may not seem nearly so fantastic a few years hence. *** Helping to set up a considerable part of the world in business again. We may do this because we should hope — and I think rightly — that the result will contribute to our own economic health. Transport pools designed primarily to assure that goods are promptly taken to the places where they are most needed. Banks and bankers pooling their resources so the materials of life are once more everywhere available."*

14.— On Jan. 12, 1940, Dr. E. A. Goldenweiser, director of the Division of Research and Statistics of the Federal Reserve Board, dropped the timely hint that the vast pile of gold

in this country was useless and that we should attack the problem of disposing of it.

19.— On Feb. 28, 1940, Secretary Hull made plain the determination of our present Administration to play a leading part in "post-war economic readjustments abroad." He said that "all nations should be organized economically in such a way that trade between them would be encouraged." One of his proposals definitely shows that it was but the international gold bloc speaking to the world through Hull's voice because it required "A general lowering of barter and import quota arrangements."

20.— The international gold that has been hidden for the past few years is evidently considered near enough now to be openly advertised. On March 4, 1940, Senator Thomas of Oklahoma introduced a Bill to create a world bank which would be an expansion of the existing Export-Import Bank and would accomplish, according to his statement: " (1) The redistribution of surplus gold. (2) The stabilization of currencies," and other things.

In the light of this brief summary, with special emphasis on the quotation from Protocol IX, it may be recalled that, as charged by certain Congressmen on whom President Roosevelt brought pressure to bear as it related to political patronage in their districts, by a very close vote in the House, finally decided by the changing of the necessary votes, we decided to enter the International Labor Conference at Geneva. We may have thought that we were not in the League of Nations but if that act did not do more than push our camel's nose under that tent of international intrigue, as evidenced by what may be found in *"The Individualist"*, that we have cited, then the deduction of this evidence is pure fallacy and the intriguers have taken us so far down their alley that we have lost our time honored powers of resistance. More than a palliative is needed at this critical juncture of our national existence and all this is available if we will but return to the principles bestowed on us in our Constitution.

March 26, 1940.

E. N. Sanctuary.

APPENDIX I

The editor and publisher of the *Chicago Tribune,* Col. Robert R. Mc Cormick, in his remarkable address delivered Feb. 15, 1940, at Jackson, Mich., at a Lincoln Club dinner, said:

"The Federal Trade Commission has confirmed Dr. Wirt's testimony by attacks on individual publications, and in seeking legislation calculated to reduce the advertising revenue of all newspapers.

REDS SUPPORT NEW DEAL.

"Two years later, while Dr. Wirt was being hounded to death, on Aug. 8, 1936, .Donald Day cabled from Riga, Latvia, .that communist international headquarters in Moscow felt that the Republican Party must be defeated at all costs, and accordingly had forwarded instructions to the American Communist party to support the candidacy of Roosevelt in the November presidential election.

"Day quoted from the official journal of the comintern as follows: "'We are going to work for the election of Roosevelt because we wish to strengthen our influence among America's many radical groups. We all have a common aim. It is to defeat Landon who represents forces which oppose the development of class war and revolution in America.

"New Deal newspapers, one of which posted a bet that the facts could not be substantiated, immediately began a campaign of abuse against the Tribune for printing the story. But the Tribune supported the integrity of its correspondent in its editorial columns. On Aug. 12 it stated editorially:

*"Communist Russia is supporting the Roosevelt administration in the United States. Why do the communists desire the re-election of Mr. Roosevelt? The New Deal is so frankly collectivist that the Russians could not mistake its purposes *** The Russians are for Mr. Roosevelt .because they think he must, with another four years, to produce the conditions favorable to them."*

The *Daily News,* reporting the address of Earl Browder, *"keynoter and probable nominee for President"* disclosed the current trend when he exclaimed to the 750 delegates: *'Ours is not a program of revolutionary overthrow of capitalism. IT CAN BE REALIZED WITHIN THE PRESENT AMERICAN FORM OF GOVERNMENT."* (Caps. ours, ENS.)

In support of the foregoing we take the following from an article prepared by this author (ENS.:

In April, 1932, Governor Roosevelt told a brilliant reporter for one of our large American dailies that the old order in this Country had apparently run its course and if a change was coming — why not now? Carveth Wells, the traveller and lecturer, when in Russia in the summer of 1932, wrote me that he saw cartoons depicting President Hoover as "the fat head in the White House" and flattering portraits of the nominee Roosevelt, as "the next Communist President of the United States."

When the Brain Trusters were being drafted by Mr. Roosevelt, one of those who had qualified for such a position was Paul Blanshard, who some time before serving against the "old order", had, in an address delivered before the Academy of Arts and Sciences in Philadelphia, said: *"When we have captured the government and shelved the Supreme Court we shall proceed to absorb as many of the large industries as we can chew and as rapidly as we can assimilate them. We will do it peaceably, if possible, but we will do it otherwise if necessary."*

Absorbing of "large industries" could have had no finer objective than that of the automobile manufacturers, hence, we ask our readers why it was that a man who was Governor of Michigan, when the sit-down strikes were pulled by John L. Lewis, could not see, along with the Secretary of Labor, that this was an illegal proceeding? Is it not significant that the effort of this Governor at least brought a promotion to the President's inner circle?

That the Administration was under obligation to John L. Lewis, apparently the man to do it "peacefully or otherwise," is obvious from these contributions taken from the report of Mr. Lewis:

"POLITICAL EXPENSES."

Mar. 30, 1936 — Democratic Convention Book	$5,000.00
April 29, 1939 — Democratic Convention Book	1,250.02
Dec. 1, 1936 — Roosevelt Campaign	452,418.91
Dec. 7, 1936 — Roosevelt Campaign	6,300.00
Dec. 21, 1936 — Roosevelt Inaugural	*2,500.00*
	$467,168.91

It will be recalled that John L. Lewis was a delegate to the Pan-American Labor Congress. The magazine *Mill and Factory,* for October, 1938, published some of the proceedings of that Congress of 1938. Lewis was reported to have declared in Mexico: *"We are convinced that Mexico is marching along the road of progress ..... that progress we admire ..... and what has taken place in Mexico and the United States must take place in the rest of the countries of Latin America."*

We read further: *"Lewis compared President Roosevelt to President Cardenas. He said that Roosevelt has done the same things in the United States that Cardenas has done in Mexico. Later, remarks by John L. Lewis also left the impression that he too supported the confiscation and expropriation policies."*

In this magazine, noted above, it is stated that Edwin S. Smith, of the United States National Labor Relations Board, and Mary Van Kleeck of the Russell Sage Foundation, with John L. Lewis, had more influence with Cardenas than had Secretary of State Hull.

Now to return to our Department of State and the amazing statement which Mr. Brooks claims to have received — I have before me a copy of the ADVANCE COPY, on stationery of Bureau of Publicity, Democratic National Committee, 1066 National Press Building, Washington, D, C., describing Farley's Detroit speech, which states: *"These remarks were made to be in reply to an address made a couple days prior to the Convention (the Rotary International Convention at Detroit, June 27, 1934) by Mark Sullivan .... 'To listen to our critics, one would think that the various elements of the recovery program were haphazard adventures, made on the spur of the moment, because some professor whispered to him the professor's favored views of political economy. Let me tell you that there is nothing sporadic about this program. It was worked out in Mr. Roosevelt's mind before he was even nominated for the Presidency."*

A photostat copy of the *New York Herald Tribune* is before me for June 28, 1934, from which I copy the following, reporting Mr. Farley's speech of the day previous: *"Of President Roosevelt, he said: 'I know of no executive less likely to be swayed by impractical theories. His head is cool and his feet are on the ground at all times. His program was worked out even before he was nominated for the Presidency'."*

Not with a microscope could one find the New Deal in the Democratic Platform of 1932, so it is obvious that if the Senate could subpoena Mr. Farley and have him testify under oath what this program was, our country would be greatly enlight, ened. Furthermore, inasmuch as we have set our hand to educate Mr. Brooks and those who read his fables, we refer him to page 9875 of the *Congressional Record* for September 3, 1918, where one will find the former Senator Lawrence Y. Sherman of Illinois, speaking of Col. House and his book *Philip Dru, Administrator,* said on the floor of the Senate: *"Horrifying evidence that mere idle gossip of envious pelf seekers is not the source of these tales accumulates. The most recent testimony is extracted from 306 pages of a book called 'The Real Colonel House' ....Be it ever remembered the simon-pure texture of the Colonel's thoughts can be had only by digesting a novel written by him. I know that heretofore it has ordinarily been mere gossip around the cloakrooms that he was the author but I state, subject to any proof that may be offered that he is not, that I have such satisfactory evidence as leads me to say that he is the author of the novel. The publisher of a gehenna of a tale of politics, civil war, love, and reform with a meat ax. Suffice it to know Philip Dru is an autobiography of the Colonel himself and solves the conundrum how to get rid of the Constitution .... Philip Dru becomes a dictator with a clean slate (then on page 9876) .... Always we glimpse in both, in the biography and fiction, the abolition of government by law and the substitution of a superman government. (p. 9877)*

From a remarkable quotation we learn the Colonel believes 'the smaller number of men handling a proposition, the better'

This (Dru plan) is a government by professors and intellectuals. I repeat intellectuals are good enough in their places, but a country run by professors is ultimately destined to Bolshevism and an explosion. (p.9879)..It is to check this method of advance concealed by such reasons, the masked purpose of a general advance toward the universal ownership of all the instruments of production and distribution, that I enter my protest at this time. Five years more and there will be nothing from which an income can be collected or a private occupation obtained. The two books that I have analyzed. in my opinion, throw a flood light upon the ultimate destination of this administration."

As it is known that President-elect Roosevelt flew back from Chicago after receiving the nomination and immediately made a contract with Col. House and was much in conference with him later. I now recommend to Mr. Brooks and his understudies, that they read *"Woodrow Wilson, the Disciple of Revolution"* by Jennings C. Wise, especially the appendices, and see how many of the proposals suggested in *"Philip Dru — Administrator"* have been adopted in the program of the New Deal. This has been painstakingly assembled by the author.

In September, 1930, in *"Revue International des Societies Secrets"*, Paris, an article appeared, entitled: *"THE REAL CAUSE OF WAR."*

It is very interesting and shows that two groups of Jews are fighting each other as the prelude to world domination. The author warns that both are following the Protocols as against the Goyim, that the *"spiritual, moral, religious and intellectual ruin has also been carefully planned and in many cases, will even precede that of their (goyim) lives which they must inevitably lose in the fight waged between those whom Heine called the Rabbis of Finance."*

He refers to Stalin's declaration shortly before, that the world would soon fall prey to an economic crisis which would degenerate into a world conflict of great magnitude.

After this Bolshevism would become universal. Litvinoff then boldly declared to the representatives of the press that present-day Russia had concluded an entente with Germany.

"Both considered that Poland belonged to the group of victors and the territorial advantages she had derived after the war warranted an agression on the part of her two neighbors."

There is a reference to the death of Frau Amlinger resulting in the exposure of the plan of Russo-German cooperation for the starting of a new war. (Moreover, the Treaty of Rapello made between Russia and Germany in 1925 was continued in force by Hitler when he came to power in 1933.)

In this article appears the following:

"The terms: Capitalism, Socialism, Communism are so many themes distributed among well paid demagogues to create confusion in the minds of the masses destined to become slaves. Universal Slavery is the immediate aim of the Bleischroeder group which they strive to attain through the medium of a new war."

OTHER LITERATURE AVAILABLE —

"The Talmud Unmasked" — (2nd Edition Paper Cover)
25 Cents Each — 5 Copies for $ 1

"The Holy See and the Jews." 10 Cents per Copy.

Interesting Judgment of Police Tribunal of Lausanne, Switzerland, on the Talmud. (Leaflet)
50 Cents per 100.

LATEST PUBLICATION.

AN ANSWER TO THE "VOICE FOR HUMAN RIGHTS."

Single Copies —— 5 Cents.

Quantity Prices Upon Request — Write to

COL. E. N. SANCTUARY
511 West 113th Street
New York City, N.Y.

[Rare]
HG
5129
N5
K76
1940

01 0001 0133 9595